

Monthly Report: December

FY2020

Section 1: Population and Staffing Data

Table 1a: Population by Facility

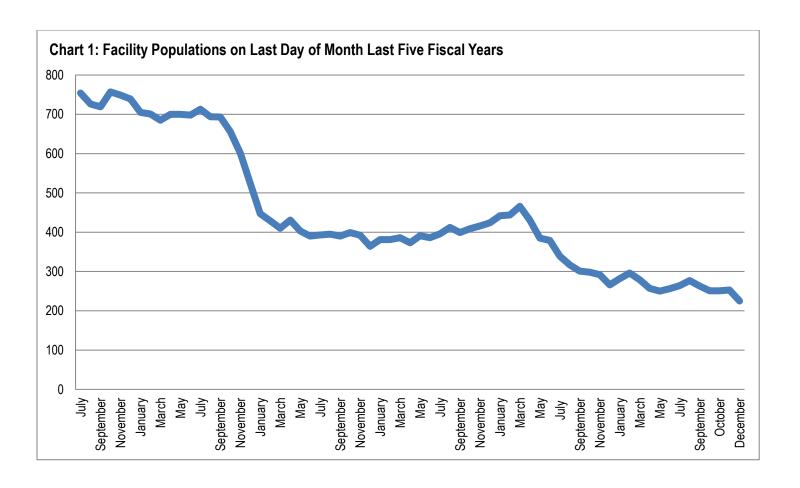
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	48	56	58	51	49	53	55	61	45	44	46	41
Harrisburg	75	85	67	78	75	77	82	101	87	97	91	90
Pere Marquette	30	28	24	22	18	18	25	21	20	17	28	23
St. Charles	103	98	104	78	76	75	72	63	78	61	60	48
Warrenville	26	29	26	28	32	33	30	32	33	32	28	23
IDJJ Total	282	296	279	257	250	256	264	277	263	251	253	225

Table 1b: Average Daily Population by Facility

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	50.0	49.5	57.1	50.6	52.1	52.5	50.5	55.9	54.7	45.6	46.0	45.9
Harrisburg	78.1	81.7	74.4	74.4	75.9	74.1	79.5	91.1	93.0	91.7	92.2	90.1
Pere Marquette	28.6	29.2	28.8	21.5	18.2	17.8	21.4	22.9	19.0	18.1	25.1	25.2
St. Charles	93.8	102.8	100.1	92.9	81.3	77.8	76.2	66.6	70.7	69.9	63.3	54.1
Warrenville	22.6	25.9	27.4	28.2	27.5	31.0	28.7	29.7	33.9	36.4	29.4	25.0
IDJJ Total	273.2	289.1	287.8	267.7	255.2	253.2	256.2	266.2	271.2	261.7	256.1	240.3

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

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	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	85	84	89	95	87	84	90	89	84	95	96	94
Harrisburg	145	141	147	153	147	153	150	151	143	143	142	140
Pere Marquette	48	48	48	52	52	52	52	50	49	54	55	49
St. Charles	170	170	170	166	161	149	169	163	152	164	164	162
Warrenville	64	63	70	70	70	70	69	66	66	74	74	73
IDJJ Total	512	506	524	536	517	508	530	519	494	530	531	518



Section 2: Mental Health Data

Table 5: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	47.9%	55.1%	45.1%	38.8%	33.0%	36.5%	32.7%	32.3%	33.3%	29.2%	25.6%	38.2%
Harrisburg	57.3%	34.1%	43.7%	44.4%	47.8%	50.0%	47.0%	41.6%	50.0%	52.6%	69.2%	67.4%
Pere	53.1%	62.1%	45.8%	36.4%	44.0%	50.0%	44.0%	61.9%	60.0%	61.1%	42.9%	52.2%
Marquette												
St. Charles	39.8%	41.4%	48%	51.7%	59.0%	57.1%	57.9%	54.8%	51.8%	62.3%	65.5%	74%
Warrenville	61.5%	48.3%	53.9%	50%	45.1%	60.0%	60.0%	62.5%	60.2%	69.7%	67.9%	69.6%
IDJJ Average	49.3%	44.3%	46.7%	45.8%	45.7%	50.7%	48.3%	50.6%	51.1%	53.3%	57.7%	63.1%

Table 6: CY 2019 Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

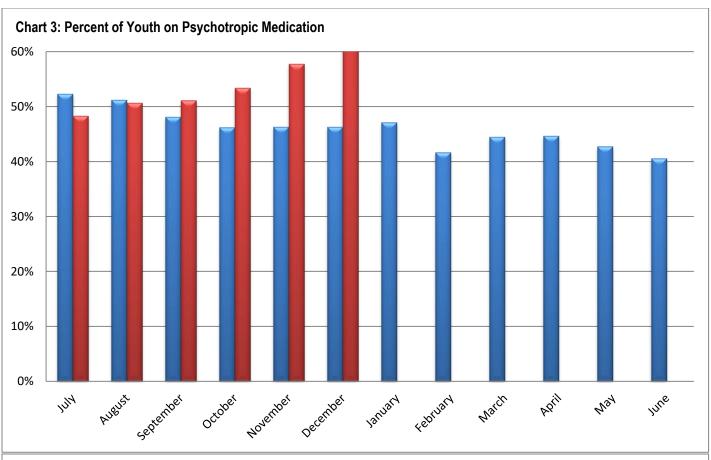
	Threats w/o Intent or Action	Mild Suicide Attempts	Moderately Severe Suicide Attempts	Severe Suicide Attempts
January	3.29	0.37	0.00	0.00
February	5.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
March	5.91	2.78	0.35	0.00
April	7.10	1.49	0.00	0.00
May	7.30	2.00	0.80	0.40
June	6.60	1.90	0.80	0.00
July	4.54	1.13	0.00	0.00
August	5.53	1.38	0.34	0.00
September	4.30	2.90	0.00	0.00
October	2.67	1.91	1.15	0.00
November	4.69	0.78	0.00	0.00
December	3.33	1.66	0.83	0.42
IDJJ Average	5.07	1.53	0.36	0.07

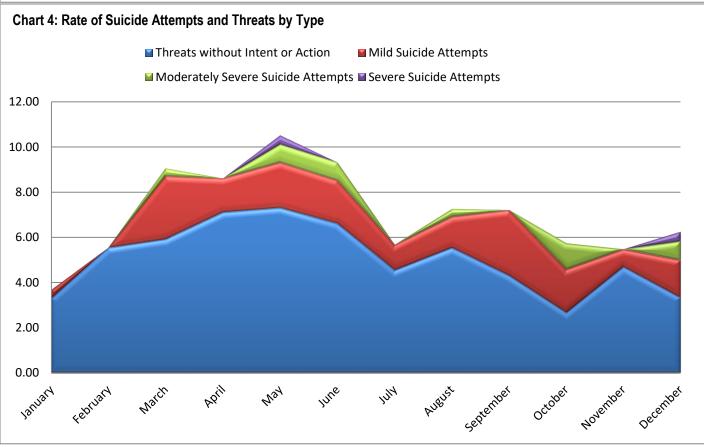
Table 7: CY 2019 Distribution of Mental Health Levels

	Mental Health					
	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 3.5	Level 4
January	10.6%	39.6%	30.4%	17.1%	2.0%	0.3%
February	12.5%	49.5%	33.0%	4.4%	0.7%	0.0%
March	12.1%	46.6%	34.8%	6.2%	0.3%	0.0%
April	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
May	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
June	12.4%	49.6%	33.3%	4.3%	0.4%	0.0%
July	13.2%	41.6%	39.1%	5.8%	0.4%	0.0%
August	13.1%	53.7%	29.7%	3.2%	0.4%	0.0%
September	16.9%	49.5%	27.1%	6.1%	0.0%	0.3%
October	14.0%	47.7%	31.8%	6.1%	0.4%	0.0%
November	13.6%	52.5%	28.3%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
December	11.4%	54.7%	25.8%	7.2%	0.4%	0.4%
IDJJ Average	12.7%	48.9%	31.6%	6.2%	0.5%	0.1%

Table 8: CY 2019 Distribution of DSM V Diagnoses

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	18.75%	12.50%	27.08%	27.08%	16.27%
July	8.71%	9.09%	26.89%	31.06%	38.26%
August	8.99%	7.95%	22.49%	30.44%	35.64%
September	7.97%	6.88%	21.37%	31.52%	40.57%
October	7.01%	7.38%	20.30%	27.31%	38.01%
November	7.20%	6.40%	17.60%	29.60%	39.20%
December	9.76%	6.10%	17.07%	31.30%	35.77%
IDJJ Average	9.11%	9.37%	23.16%	28.84%	31.98%





Section 3: Substance Abuse Treatment Data

Table 9: Number of Treatment Participants

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	11	18	19	29	28	23	17	15	14	16	15	12
Harrisburg	33	31	31	29	29	22	31	29	27	19	16	19
Pere Marquette	36	37	36	27	34	21	27	28	29	26	35	35
St. Charles	21	23	20	14	14	8	10	10	10	11	11	9
Warrenville	6	6	8	7	8	6	7	5	7	13	15	13
IDJJ Total	107	115	114	106	113	80	92	87	87	85	92	88

Table 10: Average Length of Stay for Completers

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	133	93	-	65	103	92	98	107	95	98	99	83
Harrisburg	94	81	61	72	96	92	90	94	109	97	96	71
Pere Marquette	105	94	108	105	110	180	96	87	115	100	65	117
St. Charles	90	93	92	96	94	-	94	91	94	91	92	-
Warrenville	60	60	60	-	60	60	60	60	-	-	-	7
IDJJ Average	87	68	86	81	67	73	87	85	95	97	88	79

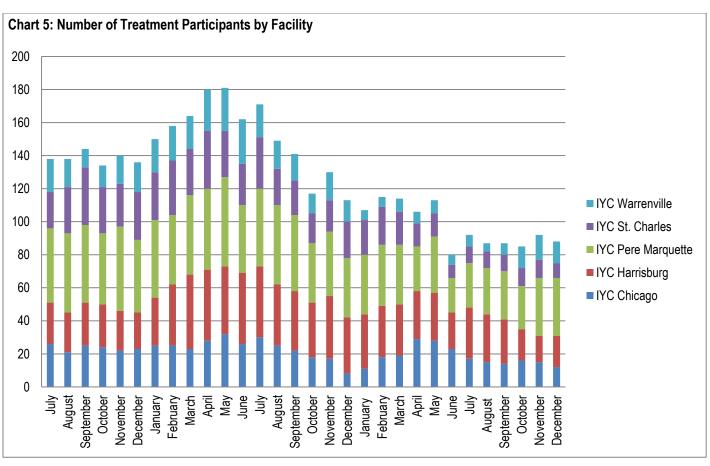
Table 11: Percent of Discharges by Reason

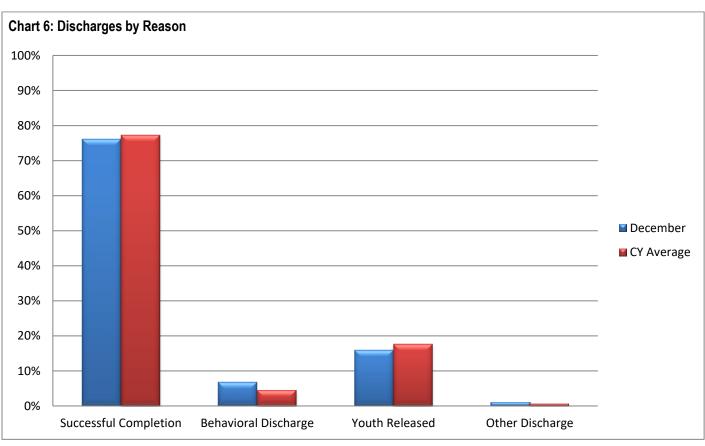
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Successful	71.4%	72%	61.8%	82.9%	64%	75%	58.3%	73.9%	72.4%	36.4%	42.3%	33.3%
Completion												
Behavioral	10.7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0 %	8.3%	8.7%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Discharge												
Youth Released	10.7%	16%	29.4%	8.6%	26%	10%	12.5%	8.7%	20.7%	36.4%	30.8%	43.3%
Other Discharge	7.1%	12%	8.8%	8.6%	0%	5%	0%	0%	13.8%	27.3%	26.9%	23.3%

Table 12: Primary Substance Abused

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Marijuana	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	78.5%	79.8%	78.2%	68.2%	77.2%	76.1%
Alcohol	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	3.5%	7.6%	6.8%
Other Drugs	14%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	18.3%	15.7%	14.9%	25.9%	14.1%	15.9%
No Diagnosis	0.9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1.1%	1.2%	2.4%	1.1%	1.1%

For the youth whose primary substance abuse is not specified, 2 used opioids, 7 used methamphetamines, 1 used cocaine, 1 used benzodiazepines, and 3 other substances.





Section 4: Education Data

Table 13: Students Enrolled in School

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	48	53	50	50	46	52	55	55	40	39	35	35
Harrisburg	67	69	54	58	58	64	58	69	57	65	73	62
Pere Marquette	29	27	25	16	11	11	15	19	15	15	20	24
St. Charles	59	64	72	59	54	49	40	42	46	37	25	25
Warrenville	21	26	23	22	23	25	22	25	32	33	26	25
IDJJ Total	224	239	224	205	192	201	190	210	190	189	179	171

Table 14: Teachers Employed

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	7	7
Harrisburg	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17
Pere Marquette	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6
St. Charles	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	7	7	7
Warrenville	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	5	5
IDJJ Total	52	53	52	52	52	51	50	49	45	45	42	42

Table 15: General Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	4.3	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.7	5.4	5.3	5.3	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.7
Harrisburg	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.2	1.9	2.8	1.9	3.4	2	2.5	3.3	2.8
Pere Marquette	5.4	5.4	4.0	2.6	1.2	1.8	3	2.4	3.4	2.6	1.8	2.4
St. Charles	4.7	5.7	6.2	4.8	5	4.3	3.2	3.5	4.4	3.8	2.4	2.4
Warrenville	1.7	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.7	3.6	3	3.4	4	3.4	4.8	5.3
IDJJ Average	3.5	4.1	3.6	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.1

Table 16: Special Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	6	8.7	12	10	6.7	4.7	9	9	6.5	14	11	13
Harrisburg	4.8	6.6	4.2	6	4.6	5.6	6.6	5.6	5.5	7	6.6	5.8
Pere	6	6.0	5	3	2.5	1	2.5	3.5	6	5	11	12
Marquette												
St. Charles	7.8	7.5	8.8	7.5	6	5.8	5.3	5.3	8	9	6.5	6.5
Warrenville	11	5.0	2.5	3	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	4	8	7	4
IDJJ Average	6.4	6.9	6.3	6.1	4.9	4.6	6	5.5	5.9	8	7.5	7.1

According to the *RJ Consent Decree*, DJJ is required to have general education student to teacher ratios of 10 youth to 1 teacher and special education student to teacher ratios of 6 youth to 1 teacher. As of the end of December, DJJ had an average of 3.1 general education youth for each general education teacher and 7.1 special education youth for each special education teacher. Therefore, the agency meets the consent decree requirements for general education overall, but not special education. At the facility level, Harrisburg and Warrenville meet the special education ratio requirement.

Table 17: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19	Total
Chicago	2	2	5	2	1	4	1	3	0	0	3	3	26
Harrisburg	7	3	5	4	7	2	0	9	5	4	4	4	54
Pere Marquette	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	1	2	1	0	20
St. Charles	3	5	5	2	5	1	1	4	2	5	4	4	41
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	1	0	0	2	3	17
IDJJ Total	16	10	18	10	22	16	2	17	8	10	14	14	157

Table 18: Percent of Special Education Students

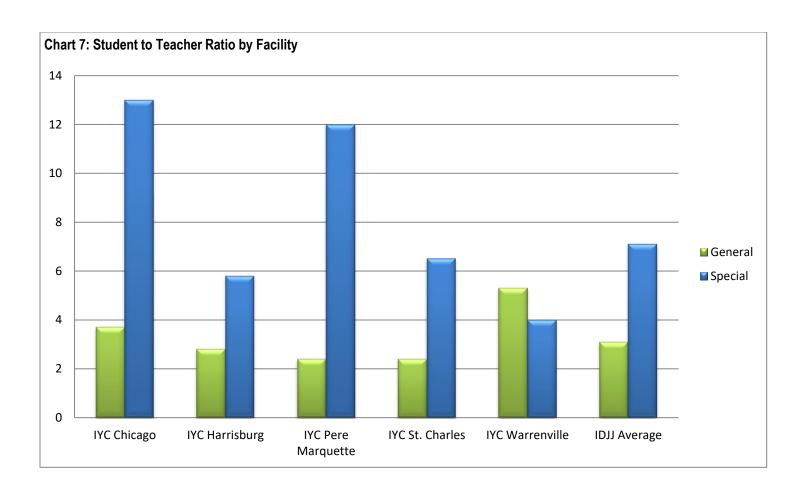
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	37.5%	49.1%	48%	40%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%	32.7%	32.5%	35.9%	31.4%	37.1%
Harrisburg	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%	40.6%	57.9%	53.8%	45.2%	46.8%
Pere	41.4%	44.4%	40%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%	36.8%	40%	33.3%	55%	50%
Marquette												
St. Charles	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%	50%	52.2%	48.7%	52%	52%
Warrenville	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%	32%	37.5%	48.5%	26.9%	16%
IDJJ Total	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.9%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%	39%	46.3%	46.6%	41.9%	41.5%

Table 20: Youth in Continuing Education

	Post-	Collegiate
	Secondary	
IYC Chicago	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	13	13
IYC Pere Marquette	12	0
IYC St. Charles	5	5
IYC Warrenville	0	1
IDJJ Total	30	19

Table 21: Number and Percent of Cancelled Whole School Days

	Number	Percent
IYC Chicago	0	0%
IYC Harrisburg	0	0%
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0%
IYC St. Charles	0	0%
IYC Warrenville	0	0%
IDJJ Total	0	0%



Section 5: Reportable Incident Data

Table 21a: Number of Reportable Incidents

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	32	12	16	22	16	12	28	20	26	6	11	7
Harrisburg	13	14	14	17	17	19	26	19	24	42	24	32
Pere Marquette	19	7	13	0	4	3	5	6	2	11	22	11
St. Charles	30	27	36	50	21	23	49	55	72	104	47	17
Warrenville	25	15	12	12	21	23	28	30	22	18	10	8
IDJJ Total	119	75	91	101	79	80	136	130	146	181	114	75

Table 21b: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19	Avg.
Chicago	64	24.2	28.0	43.5	33.3	23.1	50.9	32.3	57.8	13.2	23.9	15.3	34.1
Harrisburg	16.6	17.1	18.8	22.8	22.3	23.8	30.6	18.8	27.3	45.8	26.0	35.5	25.5
Pere Marquette	66.4	24.0	45.1	0	22.2	16.7	20.0	28.6	10.0	60.8	87.6	43.7	35.4
St. Charles	32.0	26.3	36.0	53.8	82.4	89.2	71.0	75.3	84.7	148.8	74.2	31.4	67.1
Warrenville	110.6	57.9	43.8	42.6	67.7	69.7	93.3	93.8	57.9	49.5	34.0	32	62.7
IDJJ Average	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	44.6	51.52	44.98	52.90	69.2	44.5	31.2	43.6

Table 22a: Number of Youth on Youth Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	2	2	4	2	2	2	4	5	2	1	3	2
Harrisburg	4	3	5	9	3	4	5	11	11	17	13	17
Pere Marquette	4	2	5	0	0	0	1	4	1	3	3	3
St. Charles	8	8	10	19	29	32	9	29	15	31	10	3
Warrenville	12	1	4	9	10	12	5	4	2	1	1	2
IDJJ Total	30	16	28	39	44	50	24	53	31	53	30	27

Table 22b: Rate of Youth on Youth Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19	Avg.
Chicago	4	4	7.0	4.0	4.2	3.8	7.3	8.1	4.4	2.2	6.5	4.4	5.0
Harrisburg	5.1	3.7	6.7	12.1	3.9	5.0	5.9	10.9	12.5	18.5	14.1	18.9	9.8
Pere Marquette	14.0	6.8	17.4	0	0.0	1.0	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	12.0	11.9	9.0
St. Charles	8.5	7.8	10.0	20.5	39.2	43.2	13.0	39.7	17.6	44.3	15.8	5.5	22.1
Warrenville	53.1	3.9	14.6	31.9	32.3	36.4	16.7	12.5	5.3	2.7	3.4	8	18.4
IDJJ Average	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	17.81	19.5	9.1	18.3	11.2	20.3	11.7	11.2	13.4

Table 23a: Number of Youth Fights

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	15	5	5	10	6	6	12	4	14	5	8	3
Harrisburg	9	9	8	6	9	9	13	3	8	18	10	13
Pere Marquette	7	4	1	0	0	1	1	4	1	3	10	4
St. Charles	15	17	22	23	25	21	10	13	23	60	25	7
Warrenville	2	7	7	1	6	6	11	2	9	11	3	5
IDJJ Total	48	42	43	40	46	43	47	26	55	97	56	32

Table 23b: Rate of Youth Fights per 100 Youth

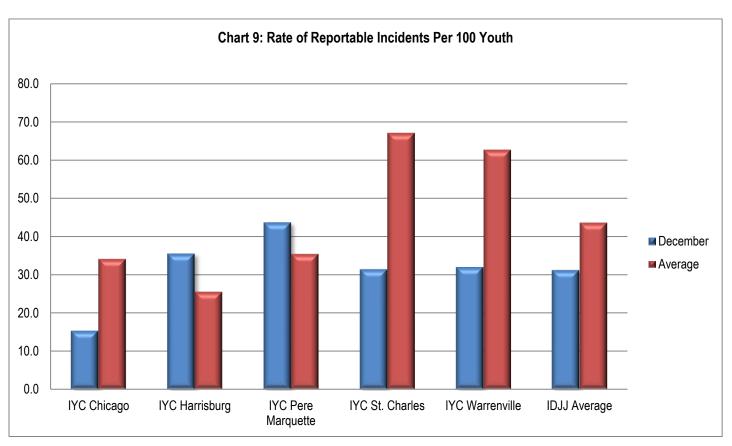
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	8.8	19.8	12.5	11.5	21.8	6.5	31.1	11	17.4	6.5	15.6
Harrisburg	11.5	11	10.8	8.1	11.8	11.3	15.3	3.0	9.1	19.6	10.8	14.4	11.4
Pere	24.5	13.7	3.5	0	0.0	5.6	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	39.8	15.9	12.3
Marquette													
St. Charles	16.0	16.5	22.0	24.8	33.8	28.4	14.5	17.8	27.1	85.8	39.5	12.9	28.3
Warrenville	8.8	27	25.5	3.5	19.4	18.2	36.7	6.3	23.7	30.2	10.2	20.0	19.1
IDJJ Average	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	18.6	16.7	17.8	9.0	19.9	37.1	21.9	13.3	18.0

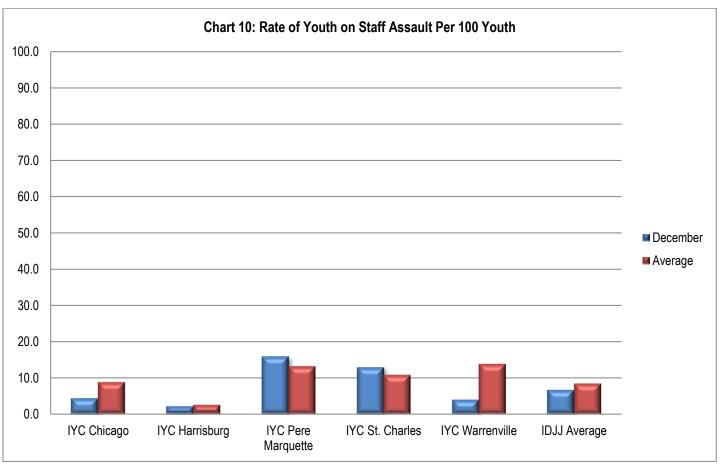
Table 24a: Number of Youth on Staff Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	15	5	7	10	4	1	5	2	3	0	0	2
Harrisburg	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	4	4	7	1	2
Pere Marquette	8	1	7	0	1	0	2	2	0	5	9	4
St. Charles	7	2	4	8	7	13	3	9	13	13	11	7
Warrenville	11	7	1	2	3	1	3	4	1	6	6	1
IDJJ Total	41	17	20	22	16	16	15	21	21	31	27	16

Table 24b: Rate of Youth on Staff Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	12.3	19.8	8.3	1.9	9.1	3.2	6.7	0	0	4.4	8.8
Harrisburg	0	2.4	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.3	2.4	4.0	4.5	7.6	1.1	2.2	2.6
Pere Marquette	28.0	3.4	24.3	0	5.6	0.0	8.0	9.5	0.0	27.6	35.9	15.9	13.2
St. Charles	7.5	1.9	4.0	8.6	9.5	17.6	4.3	12.3	15.3	18.6	17.4	12.9	10.8
Warrenville	48.7	27.0	3.6	7.1	9.7	3.0	10.0	12.5	2.6	16.5	20.4	4	13.8
IDJJ Average	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	8.8	6.2	5.7	7.3	7.6	11.8	10.5	6.7	8.4





Section 6: Indicator Data

Table 25: Uses of Chemical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Harrisburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	4	3	7	9	8	2	0	2	2	7	3	0
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	6	3	7	9	8	2	1	2	5	8	5	0

Table 26: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	16	10	8	19	3	0	1	1	4	0	0	3
Harrisburg	13	10	2	2	3	3	6	4	7	9	7	3
Pere Marquette	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	4
St. Charles	26	0	1	0	0	0		18	8	24	7	8
Warrenville	6	2	0	1	8	6	10	5	7	11	0	2
IDJJ Total	61	22	12	22	14	9	17	28	26	46	26	20

Uses of chemical and mechanical restraints have varied throughout the year, although the use in the current year is much lower than years past. Numbers and rates of uses of restraints should be related to population size and number and types of incidents. More important than how frequent they are is whether they are used according to policy and for appropriate reasons.

Section 7: Confinement Information

Table	28a.	عوا ا	of F	Rehav	/ioral	Holds
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	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	49	33	23	39	16	19	26	28	48	7	10	16
Harrisburg	24	37	47	63	50	53	87	66	77	74	58	112
Pere Marquette	18	7	6	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	12	5
St. Charles	22	56	48	53	38	56	36	48	40	46	68	34
Warrenville	18	9	16	15	25	22	30	17	31	35	16	19
IDJJ Total	131	109	140	170	130	150	179	162	196	166	164	186

Table 28b: Rate of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	98	67	40	77	31	42	54	57	94	15	22	35
Harrisburg	31	45	63	85	56	65	116	78	109	81	63	124
Pere Marquette	63	24	21	0	4	0	0	10	0	22	48	20
St. Charles	23	54	48	57	40	59	35	49	39	66	107	63
Warrenville	80	35	58	53	89	100	115	59	119	96	54	76
IDJJ Average	48	38	49	64	44	53	64	50	72	63	64	77

Table 28c: Average Length of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	76	92	96	102	75	95	78	82	88	73	62	143
Harrisburg	76	230	100	102	135	113	117	114	93	128	110	123
Pere Marquette	655	54	43	0	40	0	0	38	0	62	78	64
St. Charles	112	171	193	41	105	129	73	65	85	168	69	174
Warrenville	51	53	88	120	113	131	111	87	108	93	86	56
IDJJ Average	154	174	128	85	94	94	76	77	75	128	85	126

Table 29: Use of Crisis Care

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	-	-	2	6	4	2	2	1	2	4	3	1
Harrisburg	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	4	9	5	10	0	14	4	15	10	2	1	1
Warrenville	2	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	3	3
IDJJ Total	8	13	9	20	7	17	8	16	15	8	7	5

Table 30: Use of Medical Hold

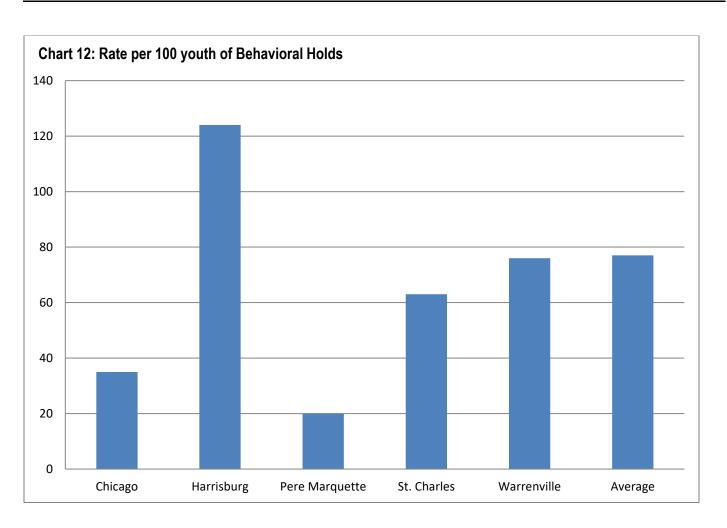
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
Harrisburg	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	1	-	4	5	1	1	2	2	2	1	-	1
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Average	3	0	5	5	1	1	4	2	2	1	0	2

Table 31: Use of Administrative Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
St. Charles	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	2	1	10	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	19	0

Table 32: Use of Investigative Status

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Pere Marquette	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
St. Charles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Warrenville	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2



Section 8: Aftercare Data

Table 33: Youth on Aftercare*

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	818	865	842	843								
Number of Youth in Community	410	448	446	438								
Number of Youth in Facilities	251	268	250	228								
Number of Youth with Pending Criminal Cases	68	67	66	97								
Number of Youth with Warrants and Out of State	89	82	80	80								

Table 34: Caseloads in Aftercare (per Specialist)*

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Number of Youth	15.7	17.0	17.0	16.2								
Assigned to Specialist												
Number of Youth in	9.8	10.7	10.9	10.7								
Community												
Number of Youth in	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.5								
Facilities												

Table 35: Average Specialist Caseload by Aftercare Office – December2019*

	Number of Specialists	Number of Youth	Average Caseload	Number of Youth in Community	Average Caseload in Community
Chicago					
Chicago Heights					
Aurora					
Rockford					
Peoria					
East St. Louis					
Champaign					
Springfield					
Placement					
Intensive					
IDJJ Total					

Table 36: Specialist Contact with Youth by Aftercare Office – December 2019*

	Number of Overall Contacts	Contacts per Youth	Contacts with Youth in Community	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago				
Chicago Heights				
Aurora				
Rockford				
Peoria				
East St. Louis				
Champaign				

Springfield	
Placement	
Intensive	
IDJJ Total	

Table 37a: Parole Revocations

	Parole	Revocations	Revocations	Hearings
	Revocations Heard	Approved	Denied	Continued
January	22	10	11	1
February	29	13	16	0
March	25	14	11	0
April	27	14	13	0
May	20	6	12	2
June	22	10	12	0
July	29	18	10	1
August	25	16	7	2
September	20	11	9	0
October	18	12	6	0
November	12	9	3	0
December	16	11	5	0
IDJJ Average	22.1	12	9.6	0.5

Table 37b: Parole Revocation Rates

	Percent of	Percent of	Percent of
	Revocations	Revocations	Hearings
	Approved	Denied	Continued
January	45.5%	50%	4.6%
February	44.8%	55.2%	0%
March	56%	44%	0%
April	51.9%	48.1%	0%
May	30%	60%	10%
June	45.5%	54.5%	0%
July	62.1%	34.5%	3.4%
August	64%	28%	8%
September	55%	45%	0%
October	66.7%	33.3%	0%
November	75%	25%	0%
December	68.8%	31.3%	0%
IDJJ Average	55.4%	42.4%	2.2%

With lower numbers of admission for technical parole violators, the numbers of parole revocation hearings held monthly has greatly decreased compared to previous years.

Section 9: Population Stock/Flow

Table 38: Institutional Stock/Flow

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Number of Admissions per Month	68	60	50	58	63	60	73	67	51	50	51	36
Percent of Admissions Parole Violators	25%	16.7%	30%	29.3%	22.2%	28.3%	23.3%	19.4%	15.7%	14%	19.6%	13.9%
Number of Facility Exits per Month	53	49	69	77	70	54	62	49	61	66	52	65
Percent of Exits to Aftercare Supervision	90.6%	95.9%	97.1%	93.5%	95.7%	85.2%	91.9%	87.7%	88.5%	86.4%	94.2%	92.3%

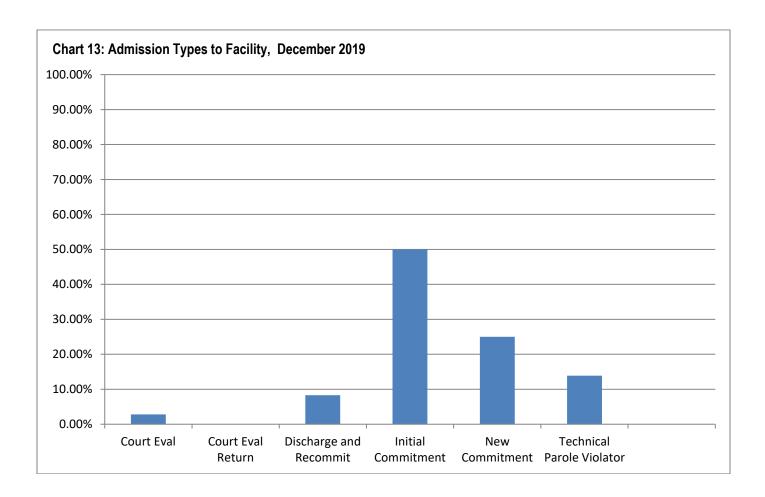
Table 39: Aftercare Stock/Flow

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
Number of New Supervised Youth	50	48	67	73	67	46	57	43	54	57	49	60
Number of Exits from Aftercare	28	31	40	40	43	41	47	37	40	32	42	46

Table 40: Admissions to Facilities by Type

	Decemb	er 2019
	Number	Percent
Court Evaluation	1	2.8%
Court Evaluation Return	0	0%
Discharged and Recommitted	3	8.3%
Initial Commitment	18	50%
New Commitment	9	25%
Technical Parole Violator	5	13.9%
Total	36	

The decrease in DJJ populations is a direct effect of both decreasing court admissions, decreasing admissions for technical violations, and decreases in length of stay during the fiscal year. Additionally, rates and numbers of discharges from Aftercare have increased as well, which has helped those numbers stay lower as well, which provides fewer youth to be readmitted into facilities. Looking at the types of admissions to DJJ, a greater percent of youth are initial commitments than in previous years.



Section 10: TRD Data for December 2019

Table 41: Adjustments by Facility

	Reductions	Extensions
IYC Chicago	231	41
IYC Harrisburg	125	37
IYC Pere Marquette	102	22
IYC St. Charles	111	21
IYC Warrenville	53	5
Total	622	126

Table 42: Types of Adjustments Used

	CHI	HRG	PER	STC	WRV	DJJ Overall
BARJ Reduction	0	1	0	0	0	1
Delinquent Program Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ed/Voc Reduction	19	4	0	29	14	66
Grade Level Reduction	9	8	4	3	3	27
JSO Completion Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
No Maj. Sanc. Reductions	33	37	11	10	10	101
Other Tx Reduction	11	2	6	7	9	35
SA Completion Reduction	14	13	23	3	5	58
YASI Goal Reduction	145	60	58	59	12	334
Discipline Extension	41	37	22	21	5	126

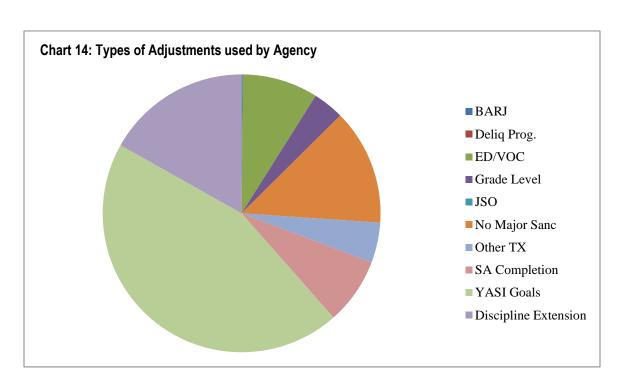


Table 43: Frequency of BARJ Adjustment

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
IYC Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	11	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	2	1
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	5	6	5	8	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	16	8	5	8	5	6	1	4	4	1	2	1

Table 44: Average Length of BARJ Adjustment

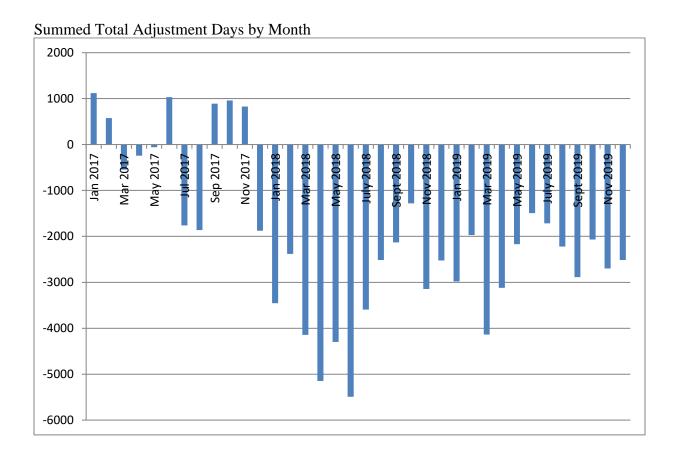
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
IYC Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IYC Harrisburg	11	11	-	-	-	-	10	7	6	4	7	5
IYC Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-	-
IYC St. Charles	4	6	7	6	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
IYC Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average	9	7	7	6	5	7	10	10	6	4	7	5

Table 45: Frequency of Discipline Extensions

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
IYC Chicago	27	58	26	54	29	30	46	46	10	41	14	41
IYC Harrisburg	15	6	7	15	15	9	30	13	21	18	14	37
IYC Pere	23	23	10	6	3	6	5	11	5	6	6	22
Marquette												
IYC St. Charles	20	19	22	26	34	36	9	28	36	46	21	21
IYC Warrenville	32	13	6	11	12	11	33	11	19	20	3	5
Total	117	119	71	112	93	92	123	109	91	131	58	126

Table 46: Average Length of Discipline Extension

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	12/19
IYC Chicago	10	7	5	6	5	5	6	5	7	5	9	5
IYC Harrisburg	13	7	12	8	7	21	8	9	12	11	11	11
IYC Pere	8	6	8	7	9	6	19	11	5	5	7	12
Marquette												
IYC St. Charles	10	9	9	10	9	12	8	5	8	11	7	7
IYC Warrenville	6	6	6	5	6	7	5	4	5	4	4	4
Average	9	7	7	7	7	9	7	6	8	8	9	8



Section 11: YASI

Table 47: New YASI Pre-Screens: December 2019

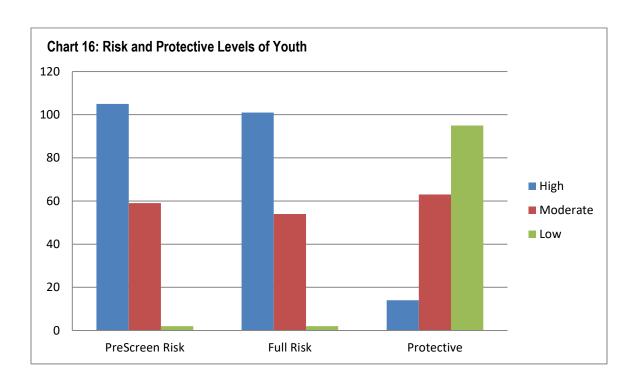
	Legal Risk	Social Risk	Protective	Overall Risk
High	119	79	7	105
Moderate	46	77	52	59
Low	1	10	107	2
Total	166	166	166	166

Table 48: New YASI Full Assessments: Risk

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High	30	-	-
High	22	151	101
Moderate-High	56	-	-
Moderate	30	4	54
Low-Moderate	13	-	-
Low	6	2	2
None	0	0	0
Total	157	157	157

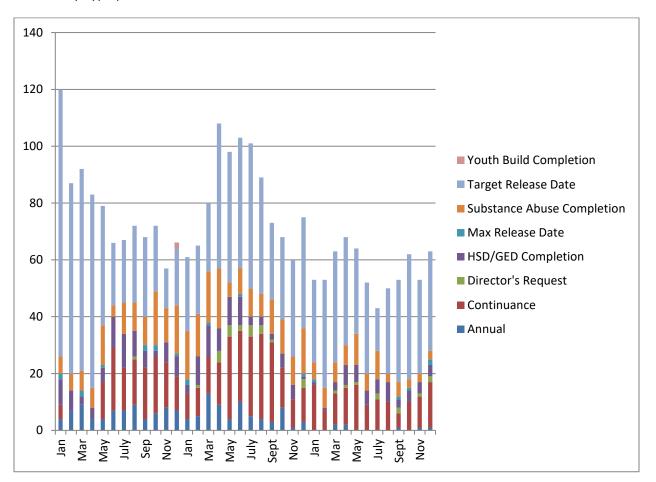
Table 49: New YASI Full Assessments: Protective

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High	2	-	-
High	10	16	14
Moderate-High	36	-	-
Moderate	40	34	63
Low-Moderate	50	-	-
Low	17	18	78
None	2	19	2
Total	157	157	157



Release Reviews

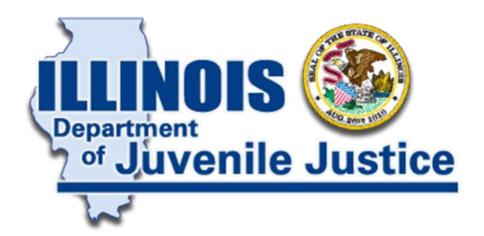
Reviews by Type per Month



	Annual	Cont.	Director's Request	HSD/ GED	Max Release Date	Substance Abuse	Target Release Date	Total
January	0	16	0	1	1	6	29	53
February	0	7	0	1	0	7	38	53
March	2	11	1	3	0	7	39	63
April	2	13	1	7	0	7	38	68
May	0	16	1	6	0	11	30	64
June	0	9	0	5	0	6	32	52
July	0	11	2	5	0	10	15	43
August	0	10	0	7	0	3	30	50
September	1	5	2	3	1	5	36	53
October	0	10	0	4	1	3	44	62
November	1	11	1	4	0	3	33	53
December	1	16	2	4	2	3	35	63

Percent of Release Reviews by Outcome and Month





Monthly Report: November

FY2020

Section 1: Population and Staffing Data

Table 1a: Population by Facility

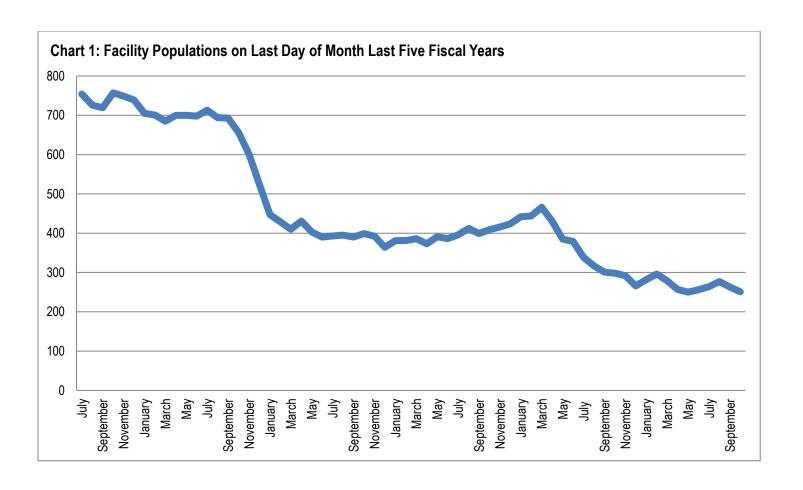
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	48	56	58	51	49	53	55	61	45	44	46
Harrisburg	75	85	67	78	75	77	82	101	87	97	91
Pere Marquette	30	28	24	22	18	18	25	21	20	17	28
St. Charles	103	98	104	78	76	75	72	63	78	61	60
Warrenville	26	29	26	28	32	33	30	32	33	32	28
IDJJ Total	282	296	279	257	250	256	264	277	263	251	253

Table 1b: Average Daily Population by Facility

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	50.0	49.5	57.1	50.6	52.1	52.5	50.5	55.9	54.7	45.6	46.0
Harrisburg	78.1	81.7	74.4	74.4	75.9	74.1	79.5	91.1	93.0	91.7	92.2
Pere Marquette	28.6	29.2	28.8	21.5	18.2	17.8	21.4	22.9	19.0	18.1	25.1
St. Charles	93.8	102.8	100.1	92.9	81.3	77.8	76.2	66.6	70.7	69.9	63.3
Warrenville	22.6	25.9	27.4	28.2	27.5	31.0	28.7	29.7	33.9	36.4	29.4
IDJJ Total	273.2	289.1	287.8	267.7	255.2	253.2	256.2	266.2	271.2	261.7	256.1

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	85	84	89	95	87	84	90	89	84	95	96
Harrisburg	145	141	147	153	147	153	150	151	143	143	142
Pere Marquette	48	48	48	52	52	52	52	50	49	54	55
St. Charles	170	170	170	166	161	149	169	163	152	164	164
Warrenville	64	63	70	70	70	70	69	66	66	74	74
IDJJ Total	512	506	524	536	517	508	530	519	494	530	531



Section 2: Mental Health Data

Table 5: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	47.9%	55.1%	45.1%	38.8%	33.0%	36.5%	32.7%	32.3%	33.3%	29.2%	25.6%
Harrisburg	57.3%	34.1%	43.7%	44.4%	47.8%	50.0%	47.0%	41.6%	50.0%	52.6%	69.2%
Pere Marquette	53.1%	62.1%	45.8%	36.4%	44.0%	50.0%	44.0%	61.9%	60.0%	61.1%	42.9%
St. Charles	39.8%	41.4%	48%	51.7%	59.0%	57.1%	57.9%	54.8%	51.8%	62.3%	65.5%
Warrenville	61.5%	48.3%	53.9%	50%	45.1%	60.0%	60.0%	62.5%	60.2%	69.7%	67.9%
IDJJ Average	49.3%	44.3%	46.7%	45.8%	45.7%	50.7%	48.3%	50.6%	51.1%	53.3%	57.7%

Table 6: CY 2019 Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

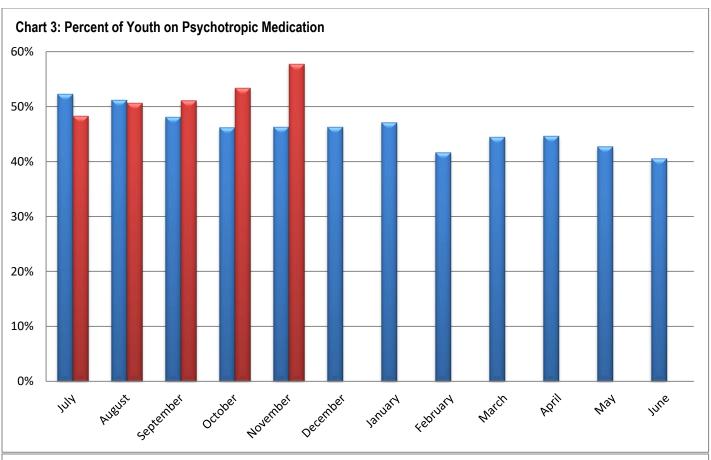
	Threats w/o Intent or Action	Mild Suicide Attempts	Moderately Severe Suicide Attempts	Severe Suicide Attempts
January	3.29	0.37	0.00	0.00
February	5.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
March	5.91	2.78	0.35	0.00
April	7.10	1.49	0.00	0.00
May	7.30	2.00	0.80	0.40
June	6.60	1.90	0.80	0.00
July	4.54	1.13	0.00	0.00
August	5.53	1.38	0.34	0.00
September	4.30	2.90	0.00	0.00
October	2.67	1.91	1.15	0.00
November	4.69	0.78	0.00	0.00
IDJJ Average	5.28	1.59	0.34	0.04

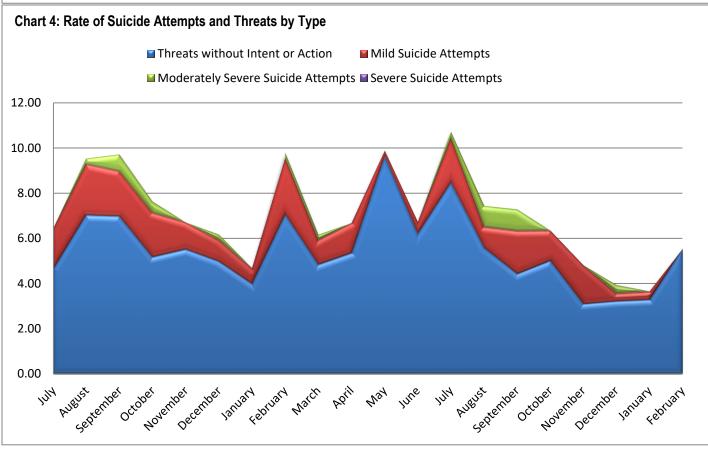
Table 7: CY 2019 Distribution of Mental Health Levels

	Mental Health Level 0	Mental Health Level 1	Mental Health Level 2	Mental Health Level 3	Mental Health Level 3.5	Mental Health Level 4
January	10.6%	39.6%	30.4%	17.1%	2.0%	0.3%
February	12.5%	49.5%	33.0%	4.4%	0.7%	0.0%
March	12.1%	46.6%	34.8%	6.2%	0.3%	0.0%
April	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
May	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
June	12.4%	49.6%	33.3%	4.3%	0.4%	0.0%
July	13.2%	41.6%	39.1%	5.8%	0.4%	0.0%
August	13.1%	53.7%	29.7%	3.2%	0.4%	0.0%
September	16.9%	49.5%	27.1%	6.1%	0.0%	0.3%
October	14.0%	47.7%	31.8%	6.1%	0.4%	0.0%
November	13.6%	52.5%	28.3%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
IDJJ Average	12.8%	48.4%	32.1%	6.2%	0.5%	0.1%

Table 8: CY 2019 Distribution of DSM V Diagnoses

			Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	18.75%	12.50%	27.08%	27.08%	16.27%
July	8.71%	9.09%	26.89%	31.06%	38.26%
August	8.99%	7.95%	22.49%	30.44%	35.64%
September	7.97%	6.88%	21.37%	31.52%	40.57%
October	7.01%	7.38%	20.30%	27.31%	38.01%
November	7.20%	6.40%	17.60%	29.60%	39.20%
IDJJ Average	9.05%	9.66%	23.71%	28.62%	31.63%





Section 3: Substance Abuse Treatment Data

Table 9: Number of Treatment Participants

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	11	18	19	29	28	23	17	15	14	16	15
Harrisburg	33	31	31	29	29	22	31	29	27	19	16
Pere Marquette	36	37	36	27	34	21	27	28	29	26	35
St. Charles	21	23	20	14	14	8	10	10	10	11	11
Warrenville	6	6	8	7	8	6	7	5	7	13	15
IDJJ Total	107	115	114	106	113	80	92	87	87	85	92

Table 10: Average Length of Stay for Completers

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	133	93	-	65	103	92	98	107	95	98	99
Harrisburg	94	81	61	72	96	92	90	94	109	97	96
Pere Marquette	105	94	108	105	110	180	96	87	115	100	65
St. Charles	90	93	92	96	94	-	94	91	94	91	92
Warrenville	60	60	60	-	60	60	60	60	-	-	-
IDJJ Average	87	68	86	81	67	73	87	85	95	97	88

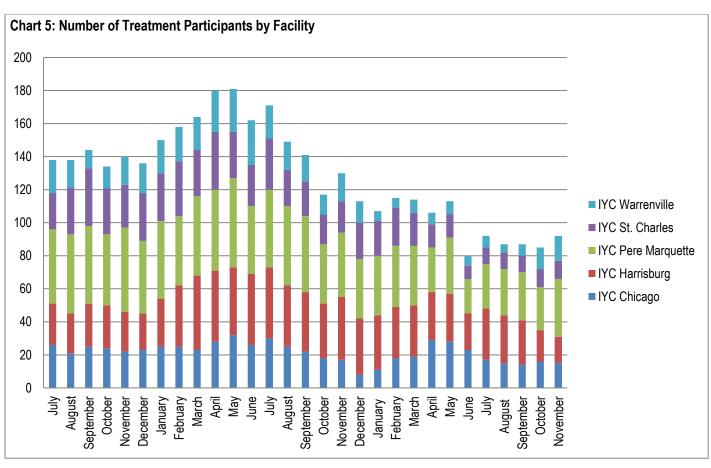
Table 11: Percent of Discharges by Reason

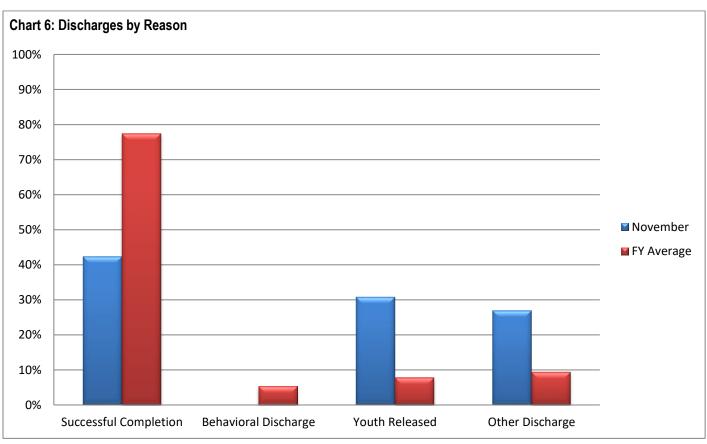
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Successful Completion	71.4%	72%	61.8%	82.9%	64%	75%	58.3%	73.9%	72.4%	36.4%	42.3%
Behavioral Discharge	10.7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0 %	8.3%	8.7%	0%	0%	0%
Youth Released	10.7%	16%	29.4%	8.6%	26%	10%	12.5%	8.7%	20.7%	36.4%	30.8%
Other Discharge	7.1%	12%	8.8%	8.6%	0%	5%	0%	0%	13.8%	27.3%	26.9%

Table 12: Primary Substance Abused

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Marijuana	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	78.5%	79.8%	78.2%	68.2%	77.2%
Alcohol	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	3.5%	7.6%
Other Drugs	14%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	18.3%	15.7%	14.9%	25.9%	14.1%
No Diagnosis	0.9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1.1%	1.2%	2.4%	1.1%

For the youth whose primary substance abuse is not specified, 3 used opioids, 5 used methamphetamines, 1 used cocaine, 2 used benzodiazepines, and 2 other substances.





Section 4: Education Data

Table 13: Students Enrolled in School

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	48	53	50	50	46	52	55	55	40	39	35
Harrisburg	67	69	54	58	58	64	58	69	57	65	73
Pere Marquette	29	27	25	16	11	11	15	19	15	15	20
St. Charles	59	64	72	59	54	49	40	42	46	37	25
Warrenville	21	26	23	22	23	25	22	25	32	33	26
IDJJ Total	224	239	224	205	192	201	190	210	190	189	179

Table 14: Teachers Employed

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	7
Harrisburg	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17
Pere Marquette	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
St. Charles	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	7	7
Warrenville	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	5
IDJJ Total	52	53	52	52	52	51	50	49	45	45	42

Table 15: General Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	4.3	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.7	5.4	5.3	5.3	3.9	3.6	4.0
Harrisburg	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.2	1.9	2.8	1.9	3.4	2	2.5	3.3
Pere Marquette	5.4	5.4	4.0	2.6	1.2	1.8	3	2.4	3.4	2.6	1.8
St. Charles	4.7	5.7	6.2	4.8	5	4.3	3.2	3.5	4.4	3.8	2.4
Warrenville	1.7	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.7	3.6	3	3.4	4	3.4	4.8
IDJJ Average	3.5	4.1	3.6	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.1	3.3

Table 16: Special Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	6	8.7	12	10	6.7	4.7	9	9	6.5	14	11
Harrisburg	4.8	6.6	4.2	6	4.6	5.6	6.6	5.6	5.5	7	6.6
Pere Marquette	6	6.0	5	3	2.5	1	2.5	3.5	6	5	11
St. Charles	7.8	7.5	8.8	7.5	6	5.8	5.3	5.3	8	9	6.5
Warrenville	11	5.0	2.5	3	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	4	8	7
IDJJ Average	6.4	6.9	6.3	6.1	4.9	4.6	6	5.5	5.9	8	7.5

According to the *RJ Consent Decree*, DJJ is required to have general education student to teacher ratios of 10 youth to 1 teacher and special education student to teacher ratios of 6 youth to 1 teacher. As of the end of November, DJJ had an average of 3.3 general education youth for each general education teacher and 7.5 special education youth for each special education teacher. Therefore, the agency meets the consent decree requirements for general education overall, but not special education.

Table 17: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	Total
Chicago	2	2	5	2	1	4	1	3	0	0	3	23
Harrisburg	7	3	5	4	7	2	0	9	5	4	4	50
Pere Marquette	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	1	2	1	20
St. Charles	3	5	5	2	5	1	1	4	2	5	4	37
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	1	0	0	2	114
IDJJ Total	16	10	18	10	22	16	2	17	8	10	14	143

Table 18: Percent of Special Education Students

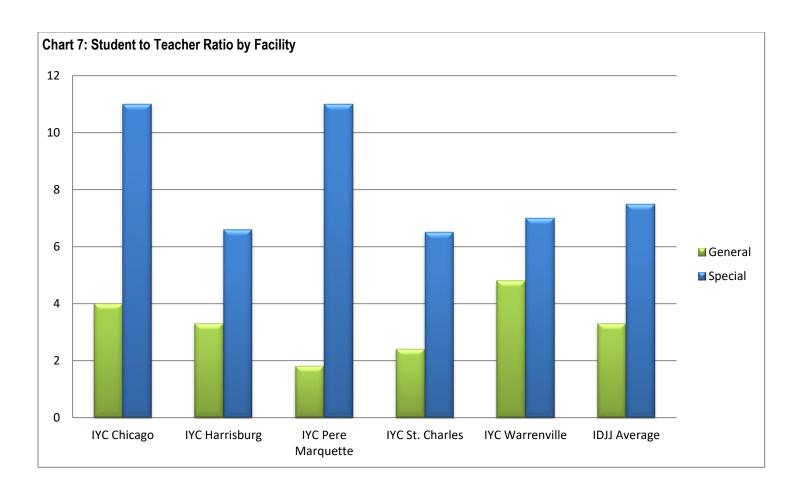
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	37.5%	49.1%	48%	40%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%	32.7%	32.5%	35.9%	31.4%
Harrisburg	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%	40.6%	57.9%	53.8%	45.2%
Pere Marquette	41.4%	44.4%	40%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%	36.8%	40%	33.3%	55%
St. Charles	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%	50%	52.2%	48.7%	52%
Warrenville	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%	32%	37.5%	48.5%	26.9%
IDJJ Total	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.9%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%	39%	46.3%	46.6%	41.9%

Table 20: Youth in Continuing Education

	Post-	Collegiate
	Secondary	
IYC Chicago	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	11	11
IYC Pere Marquette	15	0
IYC St. Charles	5	5
IYC Warrenville	0	5
IDJJ Total	31	21

Table 21: Number and Percent of Cancelled Whole School Days

	Number	Percent
IYC Chicago	0	0%
IYC Harrisburg	0	0%
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0%
IYC St. Charles	0	0%
IYC Warrenville	0	0%
IDJJ Total	0	0%



Section 5: Reportable Incident Data

Table 21a: Number of Reportable Incidents

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	32	12	16	22	16	12	28	20	26	6	11
Harrisburg	13	14	14	17	17	19	26	19	24	42	24
Pere Marquette	19	7	13	0	4	3	5	6	2	11	22
St. Charles	30	27	36	50	21	23	49	55	72	104	47
Warrenville	25	15	12	12	21	23	28	30	22	18	10
IDJJ Total	119	75	91	101	79	80	136	130	146	181	114

Table 21b: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	Avg.
Chicago	64	24.2	28.0	43.5	33.3	23.1	50.9	32.3	57.8	13.2	23.9	35.8
Harrisburg	16.6	17.1	18.8	22.8	22.3	23.8	30.6	18.8	27.3	45.8	26.0	24.5
Pere Marquette	66.4	24.0	45.1	0	22.2	16.7	20.0	28.6	10.0	60.8	87.6	34.7
St. Charles	32.0	26.3	36.0	53.8	82.4	89.2	71.0	75.3	84.7	148.8	74.2	70.3
Warrenville	110.6	57.9	43.8	42.6	67.7	69.7	93.3	93.8	57.9	49.5	34.0	65.5
IDJJ Average	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	44.6	51.52	44.98	52.90	69.2	44.5	44.7

Table 22a: Number of Youth on Youth Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	2	2	4	2	2	2	4	5	2	1	3
Harrisburg	4	3	5	9	3	4	5	11	11	17	13
Pere Marquette	4	2	5	0	0	0	1	4	1	3	3
St. Charles	8	8	10	19	29	32	9	29	15	31	10
Warrenville	12	1	4	9	10	12	5	4	2	1	1
IDJJ Total	30	16	28	39	44	50	24	53	31	53	30

Table 22b: Rate of Youth on Youth Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	Avg.
Chicago	4	4	7.0	4.0	4.2	3.8	7.3	8.1	4.4	2.2	6.5	5.0
Harrisburg	5.1	3.7	6.7	12.1	3.9	5.0	5.9	10.9	12.5	18.5	14.1	8.9
Pere Marquette	14.0	6.8	17.4	0	0.0	1.0	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	12.0	8.7
St. Charles	8.5	7.8	10.0	20.5	39.2	43.2	13.0	39.7	17.6	44.3	15.8	23.6
Warrenville	53.1	3.9	14.6	31.9	32.3	36.4	16.7	12.5	5.3	2.7	3.4	19.3
IDJJ Average	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	17.81	19.5	9.1	18.3	11.2	20.3	11.7	13.6

Table 23a: Number of Youth Fights

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	15	5	5	10	6	6	12	4	14	5	8
Harrisburg	9	9	8	6	9	9	13	3	8	18	10
Pere Marquette	7	4	1	0	0	1	1	4	1	3	10
St. Charles	15	17	22	23	25	21	10	13	23	60	25
Warrenville	2	7	7	1	6	6	11	2	9	11	3
IDJJ Total	48	42	43	40	46	43	47	26	55	97	56

Table 23b: Rate of Youth Fights per 100 Youth

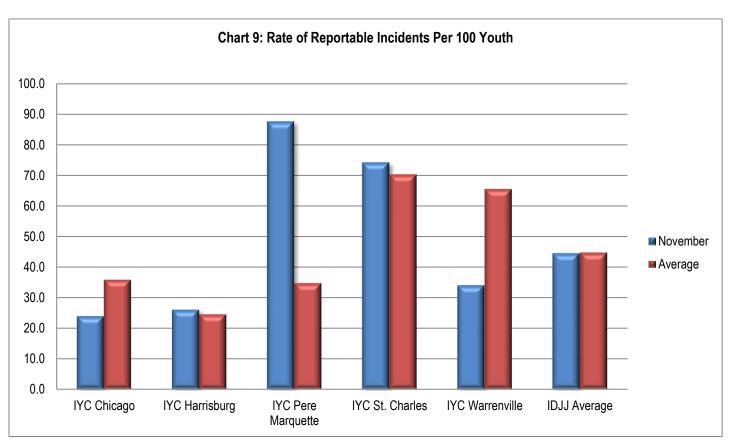
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	8.8	19.8	12.5	11.5	21.8	6.5	31.1	11	17.4	16.4
Harrisburg	11.5	11	10.8	8.1	11.8	11.3	15.3	3.0	9.1	19.6	10.8	11.1
Pere Marquette	24.5	13.7	3.5	0	0.0	5.6	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	39.8	12.0
St. Charles	16.0	16.5	22.0	24.8	33.8	28.4	14.5	17.8	27.1	85.8	39.5	29.7
Warrenville	8.8	27	25.5	3.5	19.4	18.2	36.7	6.3	23.7	30.2	10.2	19.0
IDJJ Average	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	18.6	16.7	17.8	9.0	19.9	37.1	21.9	18.4

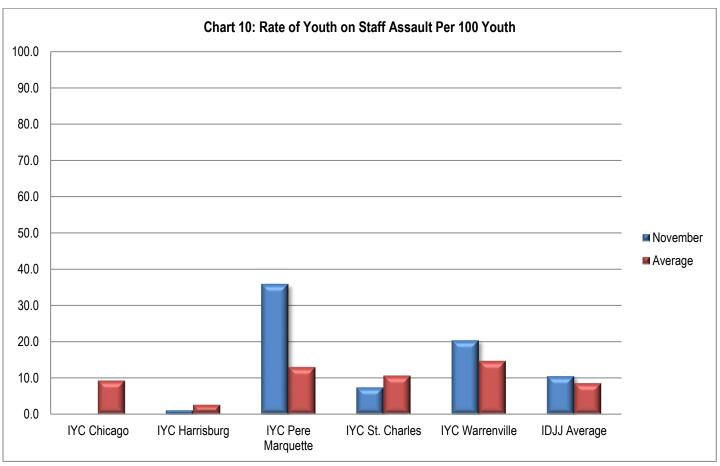
Table 24a: Number of Youth on Staff Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	15	5	7	10	4	1	5	2	3	0	0
Harrisburg	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	4	4	7	1
Pere Marquette	8	1	7	0	1	0	2	2	0	5	9
St. Charles	7	2	4	8	7	13	3	9	13	13	11
Warrenville	11	7	1	2	3	1	3	4	1	6	6
IDJJ Total	41	17	20	22	16	16	15	21	21	31	27

Table 24b: Rate of Youth on Staff Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	12.3	19.8	8.3	1.9	9.1	3.2	6.7	0	0	9.2
Harrisburg	0	2.4	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.3	2.4	4.0	4.5	7.6	1.1	2.6
Pere Marquette	28.0	3.4	24.3	0	5.6	0.0	8.0	9.5	0.0	27.6	35.9	12.9
St. Charles	7.5	1.9	4.0	8.6	9.5	17.6	4.3	12.3	15.3	18.6	17.4	10.6
Warrenville	48.7	27.0	3.6	7.1	9.7	3.0	10.0	12.5	2.6	16.5	20.4	14.6
IDJJ Average	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	8.8	6.2	5.7	7.3	7.6	11.8	10.5	8.5





Section 6: Indicator Data

Table 25: Uses of Chemical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Harrisburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	4	3	7	9	8	2	0	2	2	7	3
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	6	3	7	9	8	2	1	2	5	8	5

Table 26: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	16	10	8	19	3	0	1	1	4	0	0
Harrisburg	13	10	2	2	3	3	6	4	7	9	7
Pere Marquette	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8
St. Charles	26	0	1	0	0	0		18	8	24	7
Warrenville	6	2	0	1	8	6	10	5	7	11	0
IDJJ Total	61	22	12	22	14	9	17	28	26	46	26

Uses of chemical and mechanical restraints have varied throughout the year, although the use in the current year is much lower than years past. Numbers and rates of uses of restraints should be related to population size and number and types of incidents. More important than how frequent they are is whether they are used according to policy and for appropriate reasons.

Section 7: Confinement Information

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	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	49	33	23	39	16	19	26	28	48	7	10
Harrisburg	24	37	47	63	50	53	87	66	77	74	58
Pere Marquette	18	7	6	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	12
St. Charles	22	56	48	53	38	56	36	48	40	46	68
Warrenville	18	9	16	15	25	22	30	17	31	35	16
IDJJ Total	131	109	140	170	130	150	179	162	196	166	164

Table 28b: Rate of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	98	67	40	77	31	42	54	57	94	15	22
Harrisburg	31	45	63	85	56	65	116	78	109	81	63
Pere Marquette	63	24	21	0	4	0	0	10	0	22	48
St. Charles	23	54	48	57	40	59	35	49	39	66	107
Warrenville	80	35	58	53	89	100	115	59	119	96	54
IDJJ Average	48	38	49	64	44	53	64	50	72	63	64

Table 28c: Average Length of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	76	92	96	102	75	95	78	82	88	73	62
Harrisburg	76	230	100	102	135	113	117	114	93	128	110
Pere Marquette	655	54	43	0	40	0	0	38	0	62	78
St. Charles	112	171	193	41	105	129	73	65	85	168	69
Warrenville	51	53	88	120	113	131	111	87	108	93	86
IDJJ Average	154	174	128	85	94	94	76	77	75	128	85

Table 29: Use of Crisis Care

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	-	-	2	6	4	2	2	1	2	4	3
Harrisburg	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	-
Pere Marquette	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	4	9	5	10	0	14	4	15	10	2	1
Warrenville	2	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	2	3
IDJJ Total	8	13	9	20	7	17	8	16	15	8	7

Table 30: Use of Medical Hold

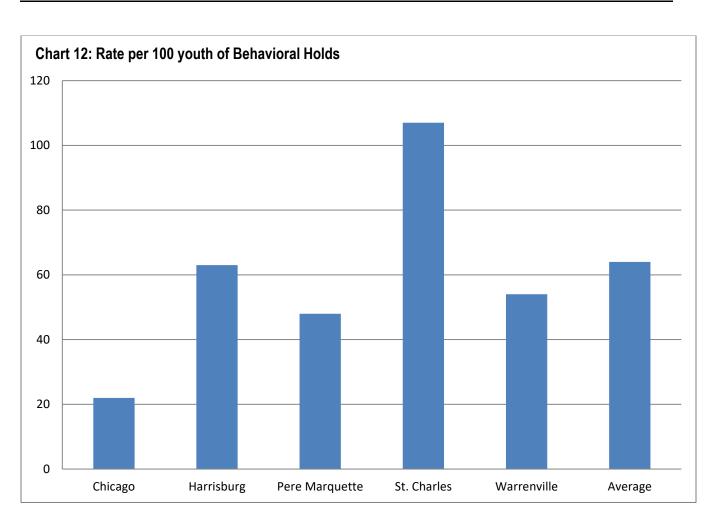
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	1	-	4	5	1	1	2	2	2	1	-
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Average	3	0	5	5	1	1	4	2	2	1	0

Table 31: Use of Administrative Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	1
St. Charles	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	2	1	10	0	3	1	0	1	0	1	19

Table 32: Use of Investigative Status

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Pere Marquette	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrenville	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0



Section 8: Aftercare Data

Table 33: Youth on Aftercare

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19*	6/19*	7/19*	8/19*	9/19*	10/19*	11/19*
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	818	865	842	843							
Number of Youth in Community	410	448	446	438							
Number of Youth in Facilities	251	268	250	228							
Number of Youth with Pending Criminal Cases	68	67	66	97							
Number of Youth with Warrants and Out of State	89	82	80	80							

Table 34: Caseloads in Aftercare (per Specialist)*

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Number of Youth Assigned to	15.7	17.0	17.0	16.2							
Specialist											
Number of Youth in Community	9.8	10.7	10.9	10.7							
Number of Youth in Facilities	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.5							

Table 35: Average Specialist Caseload by Aftercare Office – November 2019*

	Number of Specialists	Number of Youth	Average Caseload	Number of Youth in Community	Average Caseload in Community
Chicago					
Chicago Heights					
Aurora					
Rockford					
Peoria					
East St. Louis					
Champaign					
Springfield					
Placement					
Intensive					
IDJJ Total					

Table 36: Specialist Contact with Youth by Aftercare Office – November 2019*

	Number of Overall	Contacts per Youth	Contacts with Youth in	Contacts per Youth in
	Contacts	Touti	Community	Community
Chicago				
Chicago Heights				
Aurora				
Rockford				
Peoria				
East St. Louis				
Champaign				
Springfield				
Placement				
Intensive				
IDJJ Total				

Table 37a: Parole Revocations

	Parole Revocations Heard	Revocations Approved	Revocations Denied	Hearings Continued
January	22	10	11	1
February	29	13	16	0
March	25	14	11	0
April	27	14	13	0
May	20	6	12	2
June	22	10	12	0
July	29	18	10	1
August	25	16	7	2
September	20	11	9	0
October	18	12	6	0
November	12	9	3	0
IDJJ Average	22.6	12.1	10	0.5

Table 37b: Parole Revocation Rates

	Percent of Revocations Approved	Percent of Revocations Denied	Percent of Hearings Continued
Januar	y 45.5%	50%	4.6%
Februar	y 44.8%	55.2%	0%
Marci	h 56%	44%	0%
Apri	i l 51.9%	48.1%	0%
Ma _:	y 30%	60%	10%
Jun	e 45.5%	54.5%	0%
Jul	y 62.1%	34.5%	3.4%
Augus	<i>t</i> 64%	28%	8%
Septembe	<i>r</i> 55%	45%	0%
Octobe	<i>r</i> 66.7%	33.3%	0%
Novembe	<i>r</i> 75%	25%	0%
IDJJ Average	54.2%	43.4%	2.4%

With lower numbers of admission for technical parole violators, the numbers of parole revocation hearings held monthly has greatly decreased compared to previous years.

Section 9: Population Stock/Flow

Table 38: Institutional Stock/Flow

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Number of Admissions per Month	68	60	50	58	63	60	73	67	51	50	51
Percent of Admissions Parole Violators	25%	16.7%	30%	29.3%	22.2%	28.3%	23.3%	19.4%	15.7%	14%	19.6%
Number of Facility Exits per Month	53	49	69	77	70	54	62	49	61	66	52
Percent of Exits to Aftercare Supervision	90.6%	95.9%	97.1%	93.5%	95.7%	85.2%	91.9%	87.7%	88.5%	86.4%	94.2%

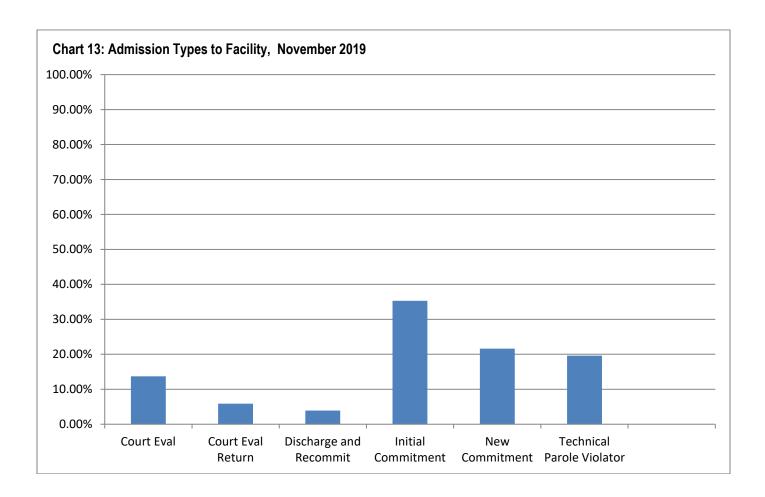
Table 39: Aftercare Stock/Flow

able con intercal conce											
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
Number of New Supervised Youth	50	48	67	73	67	46	57	43	54	57	49
Number of Exits from Aftercare	28	31	40	40	43	41	47	37	40	32	42

Table 40: Admissions to Facilities by Type

	Novemb	er 2019
	Number	Percent
Court Evaluation	7	13.7%
Court Evaluation Return	3	5.9%
Discharged and Recommitted	2	3.9%
Initial Commitment	18	35.3%
New Commitment	11	21.6%
Technical Parole Violator	10	19.6%
Total	51	

The decrease in DJJ populations is a direct effect of both decreasing court admissions, decreasing admissions for technical violations, and decreases in length of stay during the fiscal year. Additionally, rates and numbers of discharges from Aftercare have increased as well, which has helped those numbers stay lower as well, which provides fewer youth to be readmitted into facilities. Looking at the types of admissions to DJJ, a greater percent of youth are initial commitments than in previous years.



Section 10: TRD Data for November 2019

Table 41: Adjustments by Facility

	Reductions	Extensions
IYC Chicago	128	14
IYC Harrisburg	120	14
IYC Pere Marquette	76	6
IYC St. Charles	132	21
IYC Warrenville	95	3
Total	551	58

Table 42: Types of Adjustments Used

	CHI	HRG	PER	STC	WRV	DJJ Overall
BARJ Reduction	0	2	0	0	0	2
Delinquent Program Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ed/Voc Reduction	15	8	0	37	15	75
Grade Level Reduction	4	5	1	2	4	16
JSO Completion Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
No Maj. Sanc. Reductions	18	24	3	10	11	66
Other Tx Reduction	6	2	2	3	17	30
SA Completion Reduction	21	12	8	8	10	59
YASI Goal Reduction	64	67	62	72	38	303
Discipline Extension	14	14	6	21	3	58

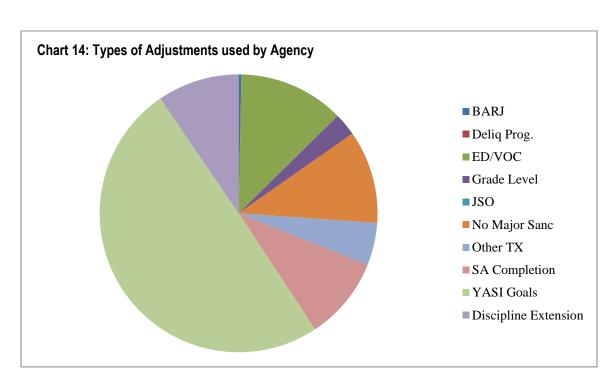


Table 43: Frequency of BARJ Adjustment

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
IYC Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	11	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	2
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	5	6	5	8	5	6	0	0	0	0	0
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	16	8	5	8	5	6	1	4	4	1	2

Table 44: Average Length of BARJ Adjustment

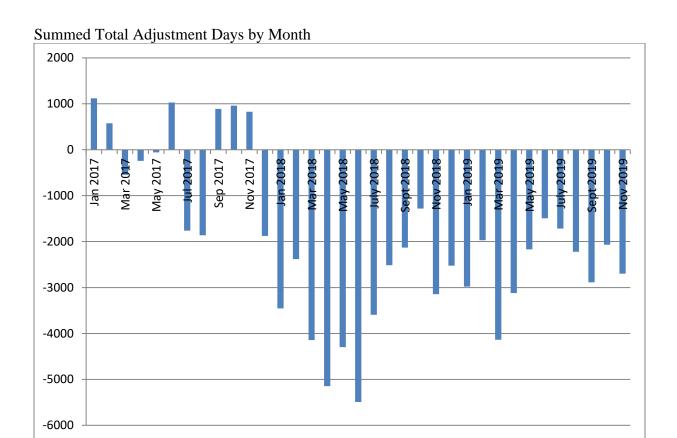
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
IYC Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IYC Harrisburg	11	11	-	-	-	-	10	7	6	4	7
IYC Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
IYC St. Charles	4	6	7	6	5	7	-	-	-	-	-
IYC Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average	9	7	7	6	5	7	10	10	6	4	7

Table 45: Frequency of Discipline Extensions

• •	•										
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
IYC Chicago	27	58	26	54	29	30	46	46	10	41	14
IYC Harrisburg	15	6	7	15	15	9	30	13	21	18	14
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	10	6	3	6	5	11	5	6	6
IYC St. Charles	20	19	22	26	34	36	9	28	36	46	21
IYC Warrenville	32	13	6	11	12	11	33	11	19	20	3
Total	117	119	71	112	93	92	123	109	91	131	58

Table 46: Average Length of Discipline Extension

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	11/19
IYC Chicago	10	7	5	6	5	5	6	5	7	5	9
IYC Harrisburg	13	7	12	8	7	21	8	9	12	11	11
IYC Pere Marquette	8	6	8	7	9	6	19	11	5	5	7
IYC St. Charles	10	9	9	10	9	12	8	5	8	11	7
IYC Warrenville	6	6	6	5	6	7	5	4	5	4	4
Average	9	7	7	7	7	9	7	6	8	8	9



Section 11: YASI

Table 47: New YASI Pre-Screens: November 2019

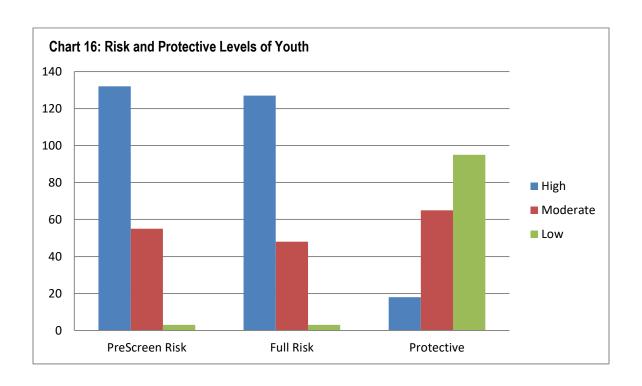
	Legal Risk	Social Risk	Protective	Overall Risk
High	152	104	12	132
Moderate	38	77	68	55
Low	0	9	110	3
Total	190	190	190	190

Table 48: New YASI Full Assessments: Risk

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High	35		
High	45	174	127
Moderate-High	55		
Moderate	27	4	48
Low-Moderate	10		
Low	6	0	3
None	0	0	0
Total	178	178	178

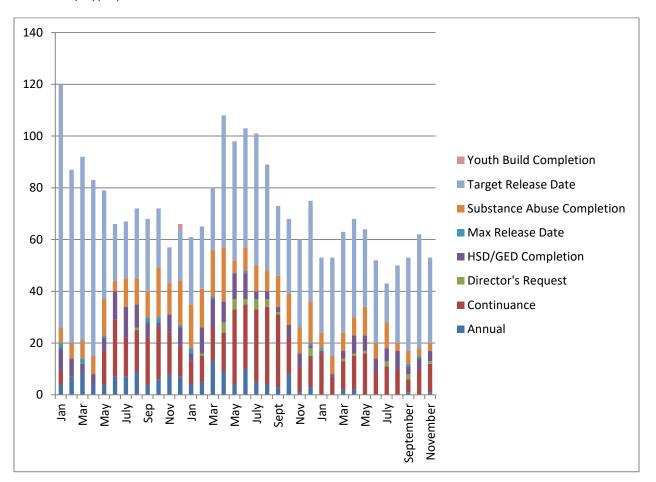
Table 49: New YASI Full Assessments: Protective

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High	2		
High	9	32	18
Moderate-High	31		
Moderate	63	32	65
Low-Moderate	48		
Low	25	22	95
None	0	92	0
Total	178	178	178



Release Reviews

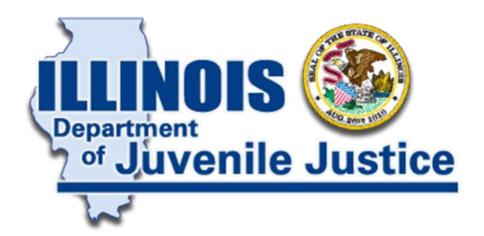
Reviews by Type per Month



	Annual	Cont.	Director's Request	HSD/ GED	Max Release Date	Substance Abuse	Target Release Date	Total	
January	0	16	0	1	1	6	29	53	l
February	0	7	0	1	0	7	38	53	l
March	2	11	1	3	0	7	39	63	l
April	2	13	1	7	0	7	38	68	l
May	0	16	1	6	0	11	30	64	l
June	0	9	0	5	0	6	32	52	l
July	0	11	2	5	0	10	15	43	l
August	0	10	0	7	0	3	30	50	l
September	1	5	2	3	1	5	36	53	l
October	0	10	0	4	1	3	44	62	l
November	1	11	1	4	0	3	33	53	l

Percent of Release Reviews by Outcome and Month





Monthly Report: October

FY2020

Section 1: Population and Staffing Data

Table 1a: Population by Facility

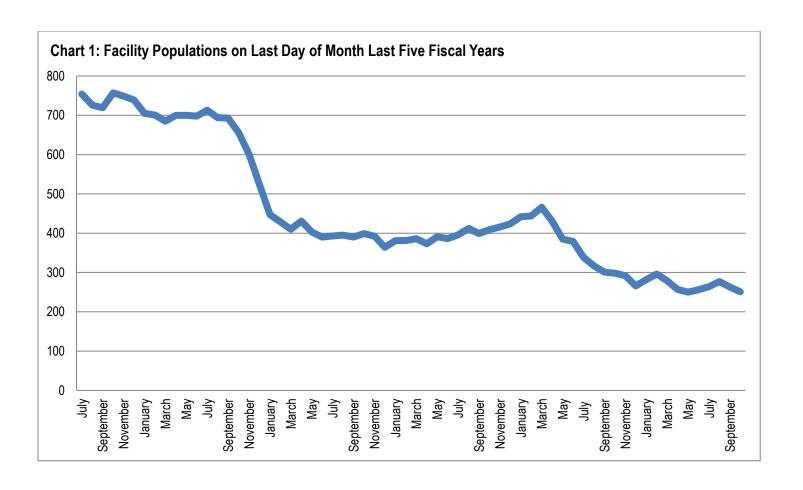
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	48	56	58	51	49	53	55	61	45	44
Harrisburg	75	85	67	78	75	77	82	101	87	97
Pere Marquette	30	28	24	22	18	18	25	21	20	17
St. Charles	103	98	104	78	76	75	72	63	78	61
Warrenville	26	29	26	28	32	33	30	32	33	32
IDJJ Total	282	296	279	257	250	256	264	277	263	251

Table 1b: Average Daily Population by Facility

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	50.0	49.5	57.1	50.6	52.1	52.5	50.5	55.9	54.7	45.6
Harrisburg	78.1	81.7	74.4	74.4	75.9	74.1	79.5	91.1	93.0	91.7
Pere Marquette	28.6	29.2	28.8	21.5	18.2	17.8	21.4	22.9	19.0	18.1
St. Charles	93.8	102.8	100.1	92.9	81.3	77.8	76.2	66.6	70.7	69.9
Warrenville	22.6	25.9	27.4	28.2	27.5	31.0	28.7	29.7	33.9	36.4
IDJJ Total	273.2	289.1	287.8	267.7	255.2	253.2	256.2	266.2	271.2	261.7

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	85	84	89	95	87	84	90	89	85	
Harrisburg	145	141	147	153	147	153	150	151	151	
Pere Marquette	48	48	48	52	52	52	52	50	50	
St. Charles	170	170	170	166	161	149	169	163	161	
Warrenville	64	63	70	70	70	70	69	66	66	
IDJJ Total	512	506	524	536	517	508	530	519	516	



Section 2: Mental Health Data

Table 5: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	47.9%	55.1%	45.1%	38.8%	33.0%	36.5%	32.7%	32.3%	33.3%	29.2%
Harrisburg	57.3%	34.1%	43.7%	44.4%	47.8%	50.0%	47.0%	41.6%	50.0%	52.6%
Pere Marquette	53.1%	62.1%	45.8%	36.4%	44.0%	50.0%	44.0%	61.9%	60.0%	61.1%
St. Charles	39.8%	41.4%	48%	51.7%	59.0%	57.1%	57.9%	54.8%	51.8%	62.3%
Warrenville	61.5%	48.3%	53.9%	50%	45.1%	60.0%	60.0%	62.5%	60.2%	69.7%
IDJJ Average	49.3%	44.3%	46.7%	45.8%	45.7%	50.7%	48.3%	50.6%	51.1%	53.3%

Table 6: CY 2019 Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

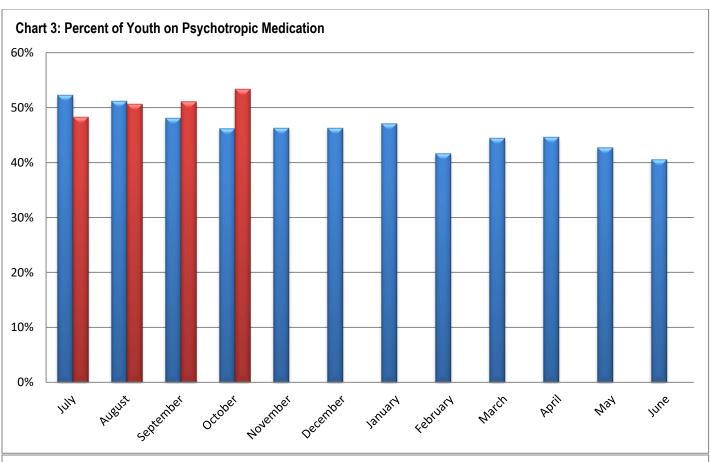
	Threats w/o Intent or Action	Mild Suicide Attempts	Moderately Severe Suicide Attempts	Severe Suicide Attempts
January	3.29	0.37	0.00	0.00
February	5.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
March	5.91	2.78	0.35	0.00
April	7.10	1.49	0.00	0.00
May	7.30	2.00	0.80	0.40
June	6.60	1.90	0.80	0.00
July	4.54	1.13	0.00	0.00
August	5.53	1.38	0.34	0.00
September	4.30	2.90	0.00	0.00
October	2.67	1.91	1.15	0.00
DJJ Average	5.28	1.59	0.34	0.04

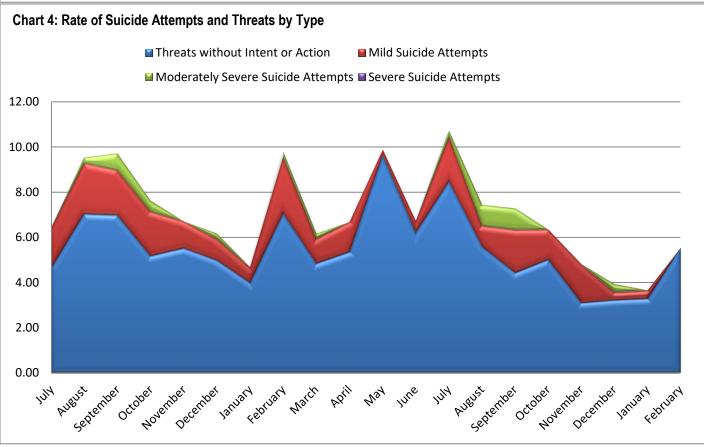
Table 7: CY 2019 Distribution of Mental Health Levels

	Mental Health					
	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 3.5	Level 4
January	10.6%	39.6%	30.4%	17.1%	2.0%	0.3%
February	12.5%	49.5%	33.0%	4.4%	0.7%	0.0%
March	12.1%	46.6%	34.8%	6.2%	0.3%	0.0%
April	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
May	11.4%	50.9%	32.8%	4.4%	0.4%	0.0%
June	12.4%	49.6%	33.3%	4.3%	0.4%	0.0%
July	13.2%	41.6%	39.1%	5.8%	0.4%	0.0%
August	13.1%	53.7%	29.7%	3.2%	0.4%	0.0%
September	16.9%	49.5%	27.1%	6.1%	0.0%	0.3%
October	14.0%	47.7%	31.8%	6.1%	0.4%	0.0%
IDJJ Average	12.8%	48.0%	32.5%	6.2%	0.5%	0.1%

Table 8: CY 2019 Distribution of DSM V Diagnoses

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	18.75%	12.50%	27.08%	27.08%	16.27%
July	8.71%	9.09%	26.89%	31.06%	38.26%
August	8.99%	7.95%	22.49%	30.44%	35.64%
September	7.97%	6.88%	21.37%	31.52%	40.57%
October	7.01%	7.38%	20.30%	27.31%	38.01%
IDJJ Average	9.24%	9.99%	24.32%	28.52%	30.88%





Section 3: Substance Abuse Treatment Data

Table 9: Number of Treatment Participants

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	11	18	19	29	28	23	17	15	14	16
Harrisburg	33	31	31	29	29	22	31	29	27	19
Pere Marquette	36	37	36	27	34	21	27	28	29	26
St. Charles	21	23	20	14	14	8	10	10	10	11
Warrenville	6	6	8	7	8	6	7	5	7	13
IDJJ Total	107	115	114	106	113	80	92	87	87	85

Table 10: Average Length of Stay for Completers

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	133	93	-	65	103	92	98	107	95	98
Harrisburg	94	81	61	72	96	92	90	94	109	97
Pere Marquette	105	94	108	105	110	180	96	87	115	100
St. Charles	90	93	92	96	94	-	94	91	94	91
Warrenville	60	60	60	-	60	60	60	60	-	-
IDJJ Average	87	68	86	81	67	73	87	85	95	97

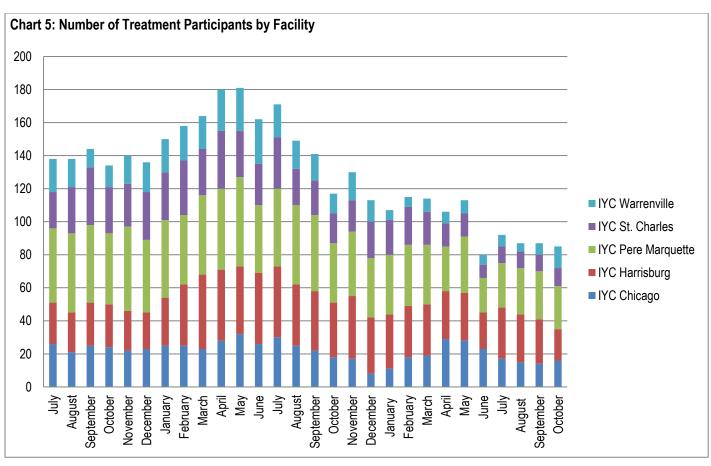
Table 11: Percent of Discharges by Reason

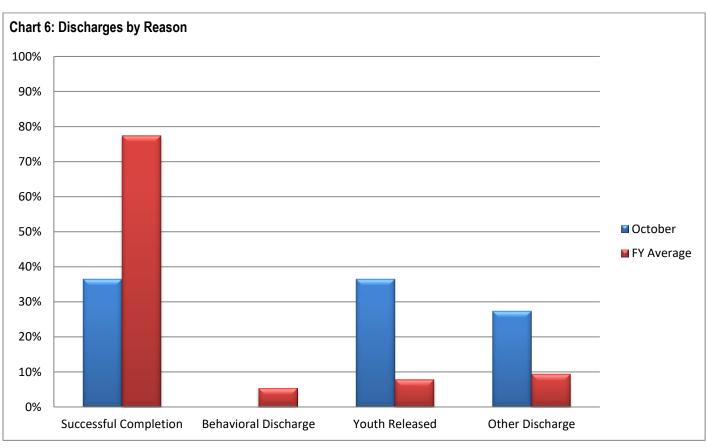
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Successful Completion	71.4%	72%	61.8%	82.9%	64%	75%	58.3%	73.9%	72.4%	36.4%
Behavioral Discharge	10.7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0 %	8.3%	8.7%	0%	0%
Youth Released	10.7%	16%	29.4%	8.6%	26%	10%	12.5%	8.7%	20.7%	36.4%
Other Discharge	7.1%	12%	8.8%	8.6%	0%	5%	0%	0%	13.8%	27.3%

Table 12: Primary Substance Abused

•	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Marijuana	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	78.5%	79.8%	78.2%	68.2%
Alcohol	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	3.2%	4.5%	5.8%	3.5%
Other Drugs	14%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	18.3%	15.7%	14.9%	25.9%
No Diagnosis	0.9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1.1%	1.2%	2.4%

For the youth whose primary substance abuse is not specified, 3 used opioids, 5 used methamphetamines, 1 used cocaine, 1 used benzodiazepines, and 2 other substances.





Section 4: Education Data

Table 13: Students Enrolled in School

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	48	53	50	50	46	52	55	55	40	39
Harrisburg	67	69	54	58	58	64	58	69	57	65
Pere Marquette	29	27	25	16	11	11	15	19	15	15
St. Charles	59	64	72	59	54	49	40	42	46	37
Warrenville	21	26	23	22	23	25	22	25	32	33
IDJJ Total	224	239	224	205	192	201	190	210	190	189

Table 14: Teachers Employed

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8
Harrisburg	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17
Pere Marquette	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
St. Charles	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	7
Warrenville	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7
IDJJ Total	52	53	52	52	52	51	50	49	45	45

Table 15: General Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	4.3	4.3	3.7	3.7	3.7	5.4	5.3	5.3	3.9	3.6
Harrisburg	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.2	1.9	2.8	1.9	3.4	2	2.5
Pere Marquette	5.4	5.4	4.0	2.6	1.2	1.8	3	2.4	3.4	2.6
St. Charles	4.7	5.7	6.2	4.8	5	4.3	3.2	3.5	4.4	3.8
Warrenville	1.7	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.7	3.6	3	3.4	4	3.4
IDJJ Average	3.5	4.1	3.6	3.0	2.9	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.1

Table 16: Special Education Student to Teacher Ratio

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	6	8.7	12	10	6.7	4.7	9	9	6.5	14
Harrisburg	4.8	6.6	4.2	6	4.6	5.6	6.6	5.6	5.5	7
Pere Marquette	6	6.0	5	3	2.5	1	2.5	3.5	6	5
St. Charles	7.8	7.5	8.8	7.5	6	5.8	5.3	5.3	8	9
Warrenville	11	5.0	2.5	3	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	4	8
IDJJ Average	6.4	6.9	6.3	6.1	4.9	4.6	6	5.5	5.9	8

According to the *RJ Consent Decree*, DJJ is required to have general education student to teacher ratios of 10 youth to 1 teacher and special education student to teacher ratios of 6 youth to 1 teacher. As of the end of October, DJJ had an average of 3.1 general education youth for each general education teacher and 8 special education youth for each special education teacher. Therefore, the agency meets the consent decree requirements for general education overall, but not special education. Additionally, at the facility level, only Pere Marquette meets the standard.

Table 17: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	Total
Chicago	2	2	5	2	1	4	1	3	0	0	20
Harrisburg	7	3	5	4	7	2	0	9	5	4	46
Pere Marquette	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	1	2	19
St. Charles	3	5	5	2	5	1	1	4	2	5	33
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	1	0	0	12
IDJJ Total	16	10	18	10	22	16	2	17	8	10	129

Table 18: Percent of Special Education Students

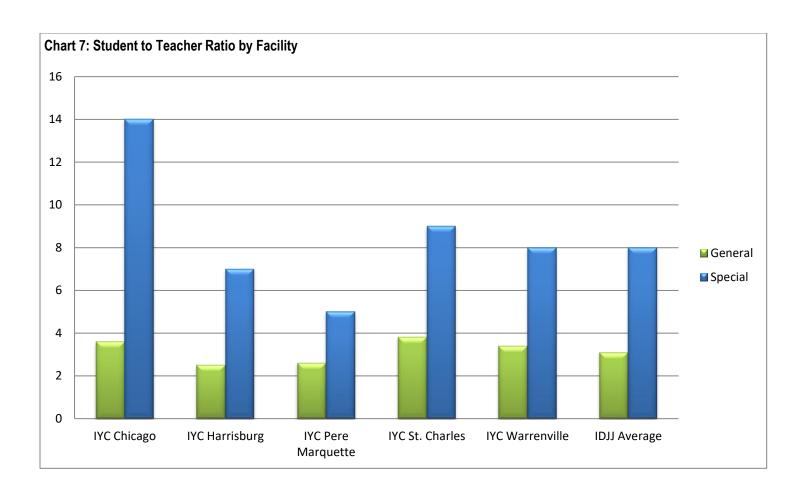
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	37.5%	49.1%	48%	40%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%	32.7%	32.5%	35.9%
Harrisburg	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%	40.6%	57.9%	53.8%
Pere Marquette	41.4%	44.4%	40%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%	36.8%	40%	33.3%
St. Charles	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%	50%	52.2%	48.7%
Warrenville	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%	32%	37.5%	48.5%
IDJJ Total	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.9%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%	39%	46.3%	46.6%

Table 20: Youth in Continuing Education

	Post- Secondary	Collegiate
IYC Chicago	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	0	15
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0
IYC St. Charles	7	7
IYC Warrenville	0	1
IDJJ Total	7	23

Table 21: Number and Percent of Cancelled Whole School Days

	Number	Percent
IYC Chicago	0	0%
IYC Harrisburg	0	0%
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0%
IYC St. Charles	0	0%
IYC Warrenville	1	5%
IDJJ Total	1	1%



Section 5: Reportable Incident Data

Table 21a: Number of Reportable Incidents

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	32	12	16	22	16	12	28	20	26	6
Harrisburg	13	14	14	17	17	19	26	19	24	42
Pere Marquette	19	7	13	0	4	3	5	6	2	11
St. Charles	30	27	36	50	21	23	49	55	72	104
Warrenville	25	15	12	12	21	23	28	30	22	18
IDJJ Total	119	75	91	101	79	80	136	130	146	181

Table 21b: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	Avg.
Chicago	64	24.2	28.0	43.5	33.3	23.1	50.9	32.3	57.8	13.2	37.0
Harrisburg	16.6	17.1	18.8	22.8	22.3	23.8	30.6	18.8	27.3	45.8	24.4
Pere Marquette	66.4	24.0	45.1	0	22.2	16.7	20.0	28.6	10.0	60.8	29.4
St. Charles	32.0	26.3	36.0	53.8	82.4	89.2	71.0	75.3	84.7	148.8	69.9
Warrenville	110.6	57.9	43.8	42.6	67.7	69.7	93.3	93.8	57.9	49.5	68.7
IDJJ Average	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	44.6	51.52	44.98	52.90	69.2	44.8

Table 22a: Number of Youth on Youth Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	2	2	4	2	2	2	4	5	2	1
Harrisburg	4	3	5	9	3	4	5	11	11	17
Pere Marquette	4	2	5	0	0	0	1	4	1	3
St. Charles	8	8	10	19	29	32	9	29	15	31
Warrenville	12	1	4	9	10	12	5	4	2	1
IDJJ Total	30	16	28	39	44	50	24	53	31	53

Table 22b: Rate of Youth on Youth Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	Avg.
Chicago	4	4	7.0	4.0	4.2	3.8	7.3	8.1	4.4	2.2	4.9
Harrisburg	5.1	3.7	6.7	12.1	3.9	5.0	5.9	10.9	12.5	18.5	8.4
Pere Marquette	14.0	6.8	17.4	0	0.0	1.0	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	8.4
St. Charles	8.5	7.8	10.0	20.5	39.2	43.2	13.0	39.7	17.6	44.3	24.4
Warrenville	53.1	3.9	14.6	31.9	32.3	36.4	16.7	12.5	5.3	2.7	20.9
IDJJ Average	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	17.81	19.5	9.1	18.3	11.2	20.3	13.8

Table 23a: Number of Youth Fights

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	15	5	5	10	6	6	12	4	14	5
Harrisburg	9	9	8	6	9	9	13	3	8	18
Pere Marquette	7	4	1	0	0	1	1	4	1	3
St. Charles	15	17	22	23	25	21	10	13	23	60
Warrenville	2	7	7	1	6	6	11	2	9	11
IDJJ Total	48	42	43	40	46	43	47	26	55	97

Table 23b: Rate of Youth Fights per 100 Youth

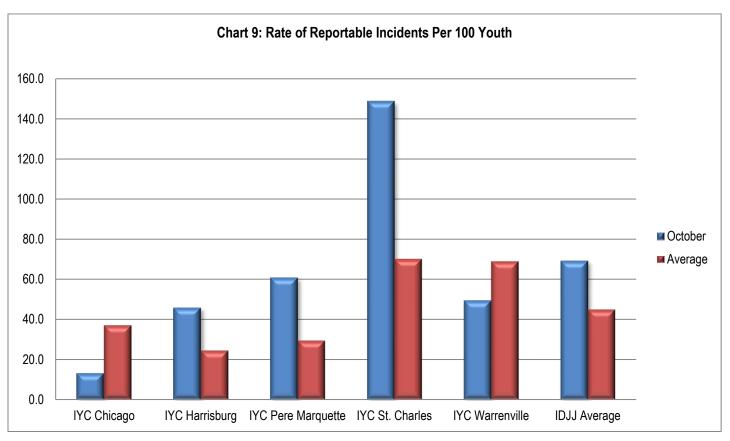
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	8.8	19.8	12.5	11.5	21.8	6.5	31.1	11	16.3
Harrisburg	11.5	11	10.8	8.1	11.8	11.3	15.3	3.0	9.1	19.6	11.2
Pere Marquette	24.5	13.7	3.5	0	0.0	5.6	4.0	19.0	5.0	16.6	9.2
St. Charles	16.0	16.5	22.0	24.8	33.8	28.4	14.5	17.8	27.1	85.8	28.7
Warrenville	8.8	27	25.5	3.5	19.4	18.2	36.7	6.3	23.7	30.2	19.9
IDJJ Average	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	18.6	16.7	17.8	9.0	19.9	37.1	18.1

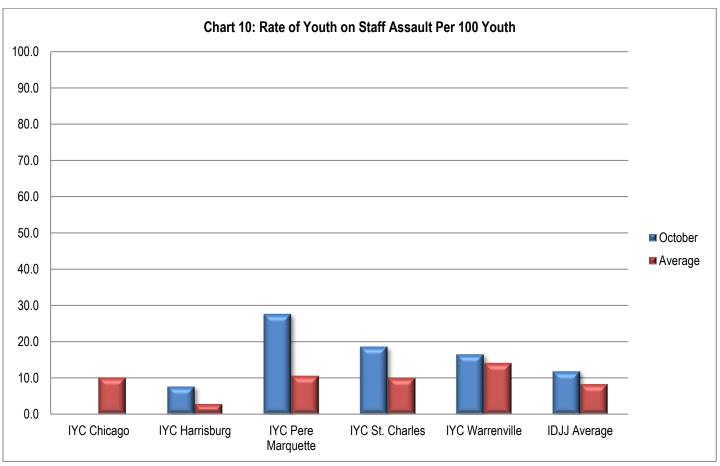
Table 24a: Number of Youth on Staff Assaults

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	15	5	7	10	4	1	5	2	3	0
Harrisburg	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	4	4	7
Pere Marquette	8	1	7	0	1	0	2	2	0	5
St. Charles	7	2	4	8	7	13	3	9	13	13
Warrenville	11	7	1	2	3	1	3	4	1	6
IDJJ Total	41	17	20	22	16	16	15	21	21	31

Table 24b: Rate of Youth on Staff Assaults per 100 Youth

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19	Avg.
Chicago	30	10.1	12.3	19.8	8.3	1.9	9.1	3.2	6.7	0	10.1
Harrisburg	0	2.4	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.3	2.4	4.0	4.5	7.6	2.8
Pere Marquette	28.0	3.4	24.3	0	5.6	0.0	8.0	9.5	0.0	27.6	10.6
St. Charles	7.5	1.9	4.0	8.6	9.5	17.6	4.3	12.3	15.3	18.6	10.0
Warrenville	48.7	27.0	3.6	7.1	9.7	3.0	10.0	12.5	2.6	16.5	14.1
IDJJ Average	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	8.8	6.2	5.7	7.3	7.6	11.8	8.3





Section 6: Indicator Data

Table 25: Uses of Chemical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Harrisburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	4	3	7	9	8	2	0	2	2	7
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	6	3	7	9	8	2	1	2	5	8

Table 26: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	16	10	8	19	3	0	1	1	4	0
Harrisburg	13	10	2	2	3	3	6	4	7	9
Pere Marquette	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
St. Charles	26	0	1	0	0	0		18	8	24
Warrenville	6	2	0	1	8	6	10	5	7	11
IDJJ Total	61	22	12	22	14	9	17	28	26	46

Uses of chemical and mechanical restraints have varied throughout the year, although the use in the current year is much lower than years past. Numbers and rates of uses of restraints should be related to population size and number and types of incidents. More important than how frequent they are is whether they are used according to policy and for appropriate reasons.

Section 7: Confinement Information

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	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	49	33	23	39	16	19	26	28	48	7
Harrisburg	24	37	47	63	50	53	87	66	77	74
Pere Marquette	18	7	6	0	1	0	0	3	0	4
St. Charles	22	56	48	53	38	56	36	48	40	46
Warrenville	18	9	16	15	25	22	30	17	31	35
IDJJ Total	131	109	140	170	130	150	179	162	196	166

Table 28b: Rate of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	98	67	40	77	31	42	54	57	94	15
Harrisburg	31	45	63	85	56	65	116	78	109	81
Pere Marquette	63	24	21	0	4	0	0	10	0	22
St. Charles	23	54	48	57	40	59	35	49	39	66
Warrenville	80	35	58	53	89	100	115	59	119	96
IDJJ Average	48	38	49	64	44	53	64	50	72	63

Table 28c: Average Length of Behavioral Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	76	92	96	102	75	95	78	82	88	73
Harrisburg	76	230	100	102	135	113	117	114	93	128
Pere Marquette	655	54	43	0	40	0	0	38	0	62
St. Charles	112	171	193	41	105	129	73	65	85	168
Warrenville	51	53	88	120	113	131	111	87	108	93
IDJJ Average	154	174	128	85	94	94	76	77	75	128

Table 29: Use of Crisis Care

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	-	-	2	6	4	2	2	1	2	4
Harrisburg	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	-
Pere Marquette	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	4	9	5	10	0	14	4	15	10	2
Warrenville	2	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	2	2
IDJJ Total	8	13	9	20	7	17	8	16	15	8

Table 30: Use of Medical Hold

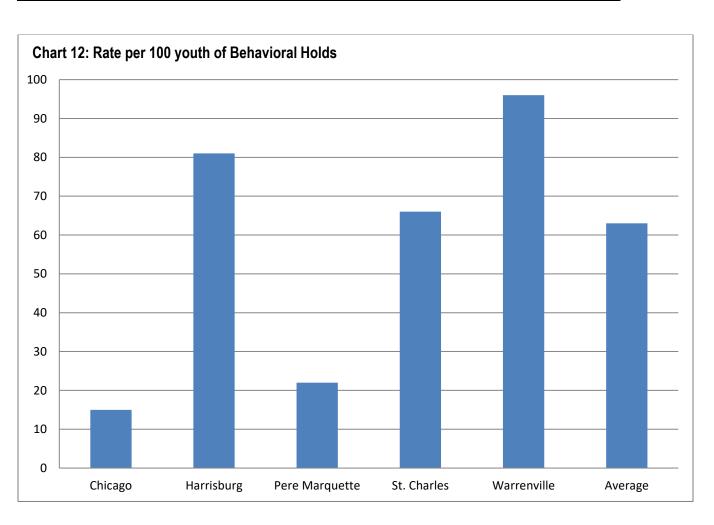
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	1	-	4	5	1	1	2	2	2	1
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Average	3	0	5	5	1	1	4	2	2	1

Table 31: Use of Administrative Hold

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
Pere Marquette	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1
St. Charles	1	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	2	1	10	0	3	1	0	1	0	1

Table 32: Use of Investigative Status

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Harrisburg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Pere Marquette	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Charles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrenville	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IDJJ Total	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1



Section 8: Aftercare Data

Table 33: Youth on Aftercare

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19*	6/19*	7/19*	8/19*	9/19*	10/19*
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	818	865	842	843						
Number of Youth in Community	410	448	446	438						
Number of Youth in Facilities	251	268	250	228						
Number of Youth with Pending Criminal Cases	68	67	66	97						
Number of Youth with Warrants and Out of State	89	82	80	80						

Table 34: Caseloads in Aftercare (per Specialist)*

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Number of Youth Assigned to	15.7	17.0	17.0	16.2						
Specialist Number of Youth in Community	9.8	10.7	10.9	10.7						
Number of Youth in Facilities	6.0	6.3	6.1	5.5						

Table 35: Average Specialist Caseload by Aftercare Office – October 2019*

	Number of Specialists	Number of Youth	Average Caseload	Number of Youth in Community	Average Caseload in Community
Chicago					
Chicago Heights					
Aurora					
Rockford					
Peoria					
East St. Louis					
Champaign					
Springfield					
Placement					
Intensive					
IDJJ Total					

Table 36: Specialist Contact with Youth by Aftercare Office – October 2019*

	Number of Overall Contacts	Contacts per Youth	Contacts with Youth in Community	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago				
Chicago Heights				
Aurora				
Rockford				
Peoria				
East St. Louis				
Champaign				
Springfield				
Placement				
Intensive				
IDJJ Total				

Table 37a: Parole Revocations

	Parole Revocations Heard	Revocations Approved	Revocations Denied	Hearings Continued
January	22	10	11	1
February	29	13	16	0
March	25	14	11	0
April	27	14	13	0
May	20	6	12	2
June	22	10	12	0
July	29	18	10	1
August	25	16	7	2
September	20	11	9	0
October	18	12	6	0
IDJJ Average	23.7	12.4	10.7	0.6

Table 37b: Parole Revocation Rates

	Percent of Revocations Approved	Percent of Revocations Denied	Percent of Hearings Continued
January	45.5%	50%	4.6%
February	44.8%	55.2%	0%
March	56%	44%	0%
April	51.9%	48.1%	0%
May	30%	60%	10%
June	45.5%	54.5%	0%
July	62.1%	34.5%	3.4%
August	64%	28%	8%
September	55%	45%	0%
October	66.7%	33.3%	0%
IDJJ Average	52.3%	45.1%	2.5%

With lower numbers of admission for technical parole violators, the numbers of parole revocation hearings held monthly has greatly decreased compared to previous years.

Section 9: Population Stock/Flow

Table 38: Institutional Stock/Flow

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Number of Admissions per Month	68	60	50	58	63	60	73	67	51	50
Percent of Admissions Parole Violators	25%	16.7%	30%	29.3%	22.2%	28.3%	23.3%	19.4%	15.7%	14%
Number of Facility Exits per Month	53	49	69	77	70	54	62	49	61	66
Percent of Exits to Aftercare Supervision	90.6%	95.9%	97.1%	93.5%	95.7%	85.2%	91.9%	87.7%	88.5%	86.4%

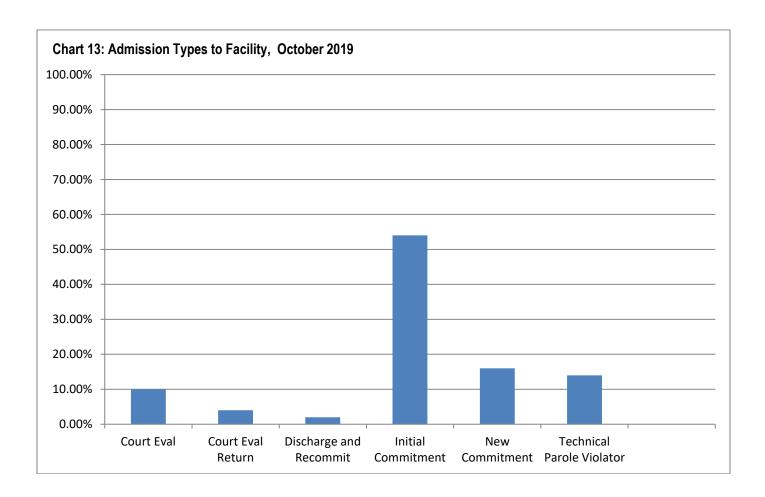
Table 39: Aftercare Stock/Flow

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
Number of New Supervised Youth	50	48	67	73	67	46	57	43	54	57
Number of Exits from Aftercare	28	31	40	40	43	41	47	37	40	32

Table 40: Admissions to Facilities by Type

	Octobe	er 2019
	Number	Percent
Court Evaluation	5	10%
Court Evaluation Return	2	4%
Discharged and Recommitted	1	2%
Initial Commitment	27	54%
New Commitment	8	16%
Technical Parole Violator	7	14%
Total	50	

The decrease in DJJ populations is a direct effect of both decreasing court admissions, decreasing admissions for technical violations, and decreases in length of stay during the fiscal year. Additionally, rates and numbers of discharges from Aftercare have increased as well, which has helped those numbers stay lower as well, which provides fewer youth to be readmitted into facilities. Looking at the types of admissions to DJJ, a greater percent of youth are initial commitments than in previous years.



Section 10: TRD Data for October 2019

Table 41: Adjustments by Facility

	Reductions	Extensions
IYC Chicago	163	41
IYC Harrisburg	119	18
IYC Pere Marquette	64	6
IYC St. Charles	140	46
IYC Warrenville	62	20
Total	548	131

Table 42: Types of Adjustments Used

	CHI	HRG	PER	STC	WRV	DJJ Overall
BARJ Reduction	0	1	0	0	0	1
Delinquent Program Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ed/Voc Reduction	24	4	0	39	12	79
Grade Level Reduction	6	8	3	3	4	24
JSO Completion Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0
No Maj. Sanc. Reductions	21	41	9	16	12	99
Other Tx Reduction	12	8	3	10	21	54
SA Completion Reduction	16	15	20	4	2	57
YASI Goal Reduction	84	42	29	68	11	234
Discipline Extension	41	18	6	46	20	131

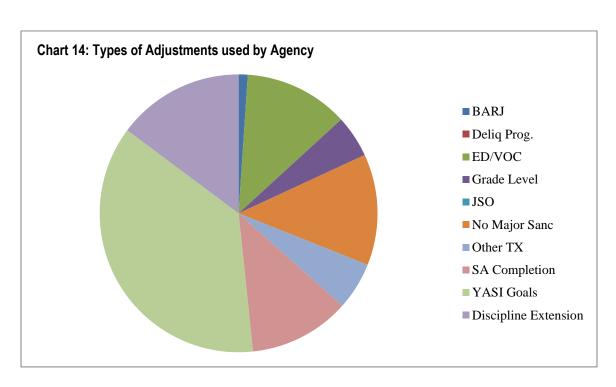


Table 43: Frequency of BARJ Adjustment

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
IYC Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	11	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	1
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
IYC St. Charles	5	6	5	8	5	6	0	0	0	0
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	16	8	5	8	5	6	1	4	4	1

Table 44: Average Length of BARJ Adjustment

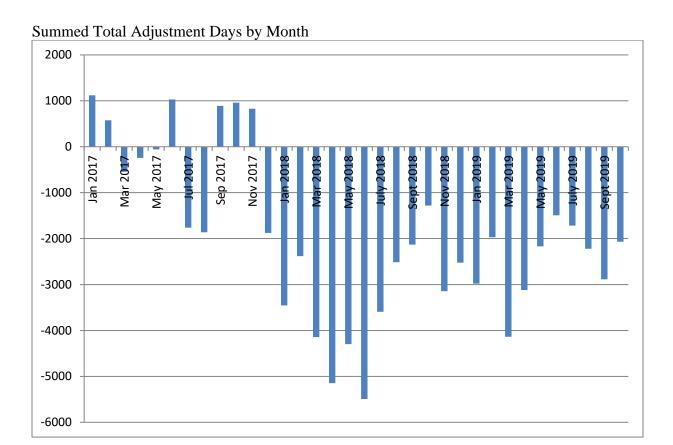
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
IYC Chicago	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IYC Harrisburg	11	11	-	-	-	-	10	7	6	4
IYC Pere Marquette	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-
IYC St. Charles	4	6	7	6	5	7	-	-	-	-
IYC Warrenville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average	9	7	7	6	5	7	10	10	6	4

Table 45: Frequency of Discipline Extensions

' '										
	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
IYC Chicago	27	58	26	54	29	30	46	46	10	41
IYC Harrisburg	15	6	7	15	15	9	30	13	21	18
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	10	6	3	6	5	11	5	6
IYC St. Charles	20	19	22	26	34	36	9	28	36	46
IYC Warrenville	32	13	6	11	12	11	33	11	19	20
Total	117	119	71	112	93	92	123	109	91	131

Table 46: Average Length of Discipline Extension

	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	10/19
IYC Chicago	10	7	5	6	5	5	6	5	7	5
IYC Harrisburg	13	7	12	8	7	21	8	9	12	11
IYC Pere Marquette	8	6	8	7	9	6	19	11	5	5
IYC St. Charles	10	9	9	10	9	12	8	5	8	11
IYC Warrenville	6	6	6	5	6	7	5	4	5	4
Average	9	7	7	7	7	9	7	6	8	8



Section 11: YASI

Table 47: New YASI Pre-Screens: October 2019

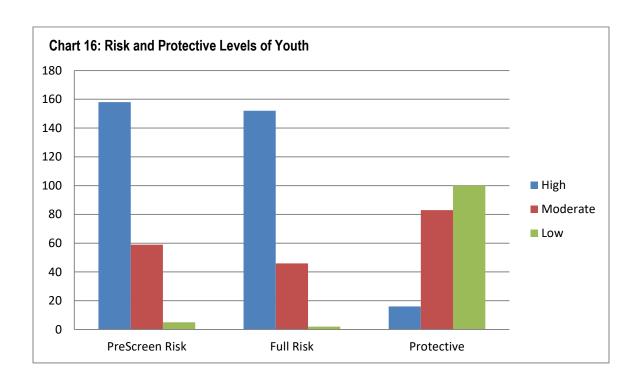
	Legal Risk	Social Risk	Protective	Overall Risk
High				
Moderate				
Low				
Total				

Table 48: New YASI Full Assessments: Risk

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High			
High			
Moderate-High			
Moderate			
Low-Moderate			
Low			
None			
Total			

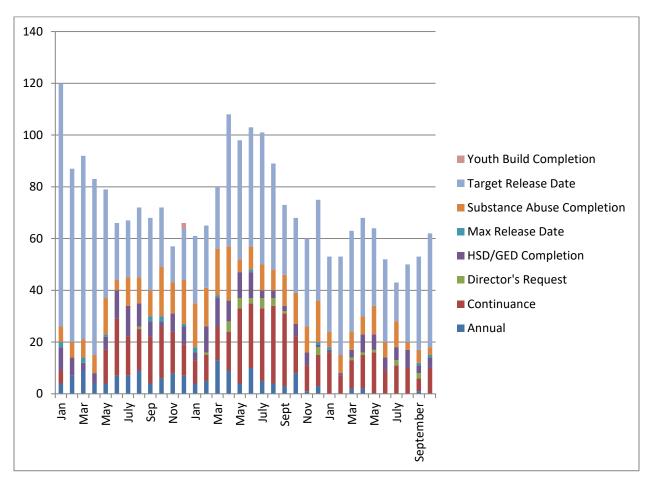
Table 49: New YASI Full Assessments: Protective

	Dynamic	Static	Overall
Very High			
High			
Moderate-High			
Moderate			
Low-Moderate			
Low			
None			
Total			



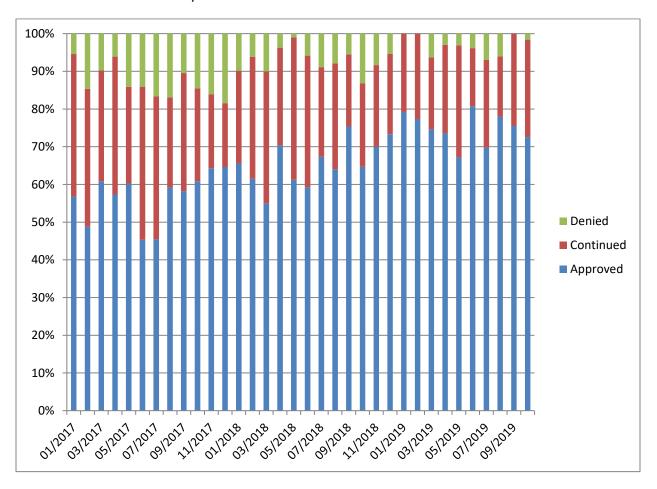
Release Reviews

Reviews by Type per Month



	Annual	Cont.	Director's Request	HSD/ GED	Max Release Date	Substance Abuse	Target Release Date	Total	İ
January	0	16	0	1	1	6	29	53	l
February	0	7	0	1	0	7	38	53	l
March	2	11	1	3	0	7	39	63	l
April	2	13	1	7	0	7	38	68	l
May	0	16	1	6	0	11	30	64	l
June	0	9	0	5	0	6	32	52	l
July	0	11	2	5	0	10	15	43	l
August	0	10	0	7	0	3	30	50	l
September	1	5	2	3	1	5	36	53	l
October	0	10	0	4	1	3	44	62	!

Percent of Release Reviews by Outcome and Month





Monthly Report:

September 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

- Make Illinois communities safer for all residents.
- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: Population by Facility

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	51	45	48	49	51	49	48	52	55	61	45
Harrisburg	89	81	75	85	71	81	76	80	85	101	88
Pere Marquette	28	23	32	29	24	22	18	18	25	21	20
St. Charles	96	95	103	99	102	81	74	74	69	63	85
Warrenville	28	22	26	29	26	28	31	33	30	32	38
IDJJ Total	292	266	284	291	274	261	247	257	264	278	276

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	87	84	85	84	89	95	87	84	90	89	85
Harrisburg	154	141	145	141	147	153	147	153	150	151	151
Pere Marquette	50	48	48	48	48	52	52	52	52	50	50
St. Charles	175	170	170	170	170	166	161	149	169	163	161
Warrenville	65	63	64	63	70	70	70	70	69	66	66
IDJJ Total	531	506	512	506	524	536	517	508	530	519	516

Facilities are staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and it takes 3-4 staff to fill one position. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

Table 3: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	FY2019	FY2020
July	41.1%	48.3%
August	45.7%	50.6%
September	52.2%	51.1%
October	55.9%	
November	49.7%	
December	52.8%	
January	49.3%	
February	44.3%	
March	46.7%	
April	45.8%	
May	45.7%	
June	50.7%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	50.0%

Nationally, average rates of incarcerated youths on psychotropic medication ranges between 20 and 40 percent. Additionally, incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medication at a higher rate than incarcerated males and have higher rates of diagnosis of mental disorders.

Table 4: Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

	Mild Suicide	Moderately	Severe Suicide	Total Attempts or
	Attempts	Severe Suicide	Attempts	Threats
	_	Attempts	_	
July	2.0	0.3	0.0	2.3
August	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8
September	1.9	1.0	0.0	2.9
October	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3
November	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
December	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8
January	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	2.8	0.4	0.0	3.2
April	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5
May	2.0	0.8	0.4	3.2
June	1.9	0.8	0.0	2.7
July	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.1
August	1.3	0.3	0.0	1.6
September	2.9	0.0	0.0	2.9
DJJ Average	1.5	0.3	0.0	1.8

A mild attempt is defined as when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is defined as when a youth attempts self-harm, appears to be motivated by suicidal intent, and inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt it believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with
	Diagnosis	One Diagnosis	Two Diagnoses	Three	Four or More
		-	_	Diagnoses	Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	8.77%	8.77%	23.51%	29.12%	29.82%
June	8.90%	9.30%	23.30%	29.60%	35.00%
July	8.70%	9.10%	26.90%	31.10%	38.30%
August	9.00%	7.90%	22.50%	30.40%	35.60%
September	8.00%	6.90%	21.40%	31.50%	40.60%
IDJJ Average	6.21%	9.88%	24.13%	29.15%	32.29%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), is a commonly used tool in psychology to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorder. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60 percent of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates typically exclude substance and conduct disorders.

Table 6: Number of Treatment Participants

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	17	8	11	18	19	29	28	23	17	15	14
Harrisburg	38	34	33	31	31	29	29	22	31	29	27
Pere Marquette	39	36	36	37	36	27	34	21	27	28	29
St. Charles	19	22	21	23	20	14	14	8	10	10	10
Warrenville	17	13	6	6	8	7	8	6	7	5	7
IDJJ Total	130	113	107	115	114	106	113	80	92	87	87

Table 7: Primary Substance Abused of Those in Treatment

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Marijuana	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	77.2%	80.5%	78.2%
Alcohol	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	4.4%	3.5%	5.8%
Other Drugs	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	18.5%	14.9%	14.9%
No Diagnosis	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.1%	1.2%

Each IDJJ facility maintains an in-house substance abuse treatment program. The facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youths enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance, the number reported tends to be higher than the actual number enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment.

Table 8: Students Enrolled in School

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	48	43	48	53	50	50	46	52	55	55	40
Harrisburg	73	75	67	69	54	58	58	64	58	69	57
Pere Marquette	21	21	29	27	25	16	11	11	15	19	15
St. Charles	71	62	59	64	72	59	54	49	40	42	46
Warrenville	28	22	21	26	23	22	23	25	22	25	32
IDJJ Total	241	223	224	239	224	205	192	201	190	210	190

Table 9: Teachers Employed

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	12	12	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8	8
Harrisburg	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	17
Pere Marquette	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6
St. Charles	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7
Warrenville	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
IDJJ Total	58	56	52	53	52	52	52	51	50	49	45

Table 10: Percent of Special Education Students

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%	32.7%	32.5%
Harrisburg	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%	40.6%	57.9%
Pere Marquette	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%	36.8%	40.0%
St. Charles	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%	50.0%	52.2%
Warrenville	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%	32.0%	37.5%
IDJJ Total	51.8%	53.3%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.8%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%	39.0%	46.3%

Table 11: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19	Total
Chicago	1	2	2	4	2	1	4	1	3	0	21
Harrisburg	2	7	3	2	4	7	2	0	9	5	46
Pere Marquette	0	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	1	20
St. Charles	3	3	5	2	2	5	1	1	4	2	35
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	1	0	14
IDJJ Total	6	16	10	11	10	22	16	2	17	8	136

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department earn some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Youth on Youth Assault	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	15.9	19.5	12.2	18.3	10.9
Youth Fights	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	16.6	16.7	17.8	9.0	9.1
Youth on Staff Assaults	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	13.1	6.2	5.7	7.3	8.0
IDJJ Total	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	42.4	35.7	34.6	28.0

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults occur when one or more youths strike another youth or youths. Youth fights occur when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults occur when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: Use of Chemical Restraints

	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	2	4	4	3	7	9	8	2	0	2	2
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
IDJJ Total	2	8	6	3	7	9	8	2	1	2	5

Uses of chemical restraints are instances in which pepper spray is used. The table provides the total number of uses in each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals and are given the opportunity to shower.

Table 14: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

THEFT IN CHES OF		1001 11000	*********								
	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	9/19
Chicago	4	10	16	10	8	19	3	0	1	1	4
Harrisburg	14	15	13	10	2	2	3	3	6	4	7
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	19	31	26	20	15	28	15	0	9	18	8
Warrenville	3	13	6	2	0	1	8	6	10	5	7
IDJJ Total	40	69	61	42	26	50	29	9	26	28	26

Uses of mechanical restraints refer to the temporary application of handcuffs with force. The numbers provided are the total number of instances per facility per month. If multiple youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time it is counted as two instances. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for September

	Number of Uses	Rate of Usage per 100 Youth	Average Length of Hold in Minutes
Behavioral Holds	196	49.0	74.8

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" and create subtypes based on the reason for use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data are presented as the number of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in each facility, and the average length of confinement in minutes. A behavioral hold is a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or a designated area when they are engaged in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to their safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.



Monthly Report:

August 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

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- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: Population by Facility

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	57	51	45	48	49	51	49	48	52	55	61
101Harrisburg	95	89	81	75	85	71	81	76	80	85	101
Pere Marquette	29	28	23	32	29	24	22	18	18	25	21
St. Charles	89	96	95	103	99	102	81	74	74	69	63
Warrenville	28	28	22	26	29	26	28	31	33	30	32
IDJJ Total	298	292	266	284	291	274	261	247	257	264	278

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	80	87	84	85	84	89	95	87	84	90	89
Harrisburg	148	154	141	145	141	147	153	147	153	150	151
Pere Marquette	48	50	48	48	48	48	52	52	52	52	50
6 St. Charles	166	175	170	170	170	170	166	161	149	169	163
Warrenville	60	65	63	64	63	70	70	70	70	69	66
IDJJ Total	502	531	506	512	506	524	536	517	508	530	519

Facilities are staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and it takes 3-4 staff to fill one position. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

Table 3: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	FY2019	FY2019
July	41.1%	48.3%
August	45.7%	50.6%
September	52.2%	
October	55.9%	
November	49.7%	
December	52.8%	
January	49.3%	
February	44.3%	
March	46.7%	
April	45.8%	
May	45.7%	
June	50.7%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	49.5%

Nationally, average rates of incarcerated youths on psychotropic medication ranges between 20 and 40 percent. Additionally, incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medication at a higher rate than incarcerated males and have higher rates of diagnosis of mental disorders.

Table 4: Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

	Mild Suicide	Moderately	Severe Suicide	Total Attempts or
	Attempts	Severe Suicide	Attempts	Threats
	•	Attempts	-	
July	2.0	0.3	0.0	2.3
August	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8
September	1.9	1.0	0.0	2.9
October	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3
November	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
December	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8
January	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	2.8	0.4	0.0	3.2
April	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5
May	2.0	0.8	0.4	3.2
June	1.9	0.8	0.0	2.7
July	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.1
August	1.3	0.3	0.0	1.6
IDJJ Average	1.4	0.4	0.0	1.8

A mild attempt is defined as when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is defined as when a youth attempts self-harm, appears to be motivated by suicidal intent, and inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt it believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with
	Diagnosis	One Diagnosis	Two Diagnoses	Three	Four or More
				Diagnoses	Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	8.90%	9.30%	23.30%	29.60%	35.00%
July	8.70%	9.10%	26.90%	31.10%	38.30%
August	9.00%	7.90%	22.50%	30.40%	35.60%
IDJJ Average	6.95%	10.13%	24.64%	28.90%	30.56%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), is a commonly used tool in psychology to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorder. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60 percent of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates typically exclude substance and conduct disorders.

Table 6: Number of Treatment Participants

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	18	17	8	11	18	19	29	28	23	17	15
Harrisburg	33	38	34	33	31	31	29	29	22	31	29
Pere Marquette	36	39	36	36	37	36	27	34	21	27	28
St. Charles	18	19	22	21	23	20	14	14	8	10	10
Warrenville	12	17	13	6	6	8	7	8	6	7	5
IDJJ Total	117	130	113	107	115	114	106	113	80	92	87

Table 7: Primary Substance Abused

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Marijuana	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	58.3%	73.9%
Alcohol	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	8.3%	8.7%
Other Drugs	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	12.5%	8.7%
No Diagnosis	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Each IDJJ facility maintains an in-house substance abuse treatment program. The facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youths enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance, the number reported tends to be higher than the actual number enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment.

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	52	48	43	48	53	50	50	46	52	55	55
Harrisburg	82	73	75	67	69	54	58	58	64	58	69
Pere Marquette	23	21	21	29	27	25	16	11	11	15	19
St. Charles	53	71	62	59	64	72	59	54	49	40	42
Warrenville	28	28	22	21	26	23	22	23	25	22	25
IDJJ Total	238	241	223	224	239	224	205	192	201	190	210

Table 9: Teachers Employed

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	12	12	12	10	10	9	9	9	9	8	8
Harrisburg	16	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17
Pere Marquette	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
St. Charles	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Warrenville	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
IDJJ Total	54	58	56	52	53	52	52	52	51	50	49

Table 10: Percent of Special Education Students

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%	32.7%
Harrisburg	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%	40.6%
Pere Marquette	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%	36.8%
St. Charles	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%	50.0%
Warrenville	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%	32.0%
IDJJ Total	48.7%	51.8%	53.3%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.8%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%	39.0%

Table 11: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19	Total
Chicago	0	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	4	1	3	21
Harrisburg	5	5	2	7	3	2	4	7	2	0	9	46
Pere Marquette	3	1	0	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	0	20
St. Charles	6	3	3	3	5	2	2	5	1	1	4	35
Warrenville	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	1	14
IDJJ Total	14	12	6	16	10	11	10	22	16	2	17	136

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department earn some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Youth on Youth Assault	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	15.9	19.5	12.2	18.3
Youth Fights	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	16.6	16.7	17.8	9.0
Youth on Staff Assaults	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	13.1	6.2	5.7	7.3
IDJJ Total	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	42.4	35.7	34.6

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults occur when one or more youths strike another youth or youths. Youth fights occur when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults occur when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: Use of Chemical Restraints

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harrisburg	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	4	2	4	4	3	7	9	8	2	0	2
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
IDJJ Total	4	2	8	6	3	7	9	8	2	1	2

Uses of chemical restraints are instances in which pepper spray is used. The table provides the total number of uses in each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals and are given the opportunity to shower.

Table 14: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	8/19
Chicago	5	4	10	16	10	8	19	3	0	1	1
Harrisburg	21	14	15	13	10	2	2	3	3	6	4
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	29	19	31	26	20	15	28	15	0	9	18
Warrenville	2	3	13	6	2	0	1	8	6	10	5
IDJJ Total	57	40	69	61	42	26	50	29	9	26	28

Uses of mechanical restraints refer to the temporary application of handcuffs with force. The numbers provided are the total number of instances per facility per month. If multiple youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time it is counted as two instances. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for August

	Number	Rate	Average
	of Uses	of	Length
		Usage	of Hold
Behavioral Holds	162	50.4	77.2

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" and create subtypes based on the reason for use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is presented as the number of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in each facility, and the average length of confinement in minutes. A behavioral hold is a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or a designated area when they are engaged in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to their safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.



Monthly Report:

July 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

- Make Illinois communities safer for all residents.
- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: Population by Facility

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	60	57	51	45	48	49	51	49	48	52	55
Harrisburg	91	95	89	81	75	85	71	81	76	80	85
Pere Marquette	31	29	28	23	32	29	24	22	18	18	25
St. Charles	93	89	96	95	103	99	102	81	74	74	69
Warrenville	26	28	28	22	26	29	26	28	31	33	30
IDJJ Total	301	298	292	266	284	291	274	261	247	257	264

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	81	80	87	84	85	84	89	95	87	84	90
Harrisburg	149	148	154	141	145	141	147	153	147	153	150
Pere Marquette	48	48	50	48	48	48	48	52	52	52	52
St. Charles	166	166	175	170	170	170	170	166	161	149	169
Warrenville	62	60	65	63	64	63	70	70	70	70	69
IDJJ Total	506	502	531	506	512	506	524	536	517	508	530

Facilities are staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and it takes 3-4 staff to fill one position. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

Table 3: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	FY2019	FY2019
July	41.1%	48.3%
August	45.7%	
September	52.2%	
October	55.9%	
November	49.7%	
December	52.8%	
January	49.3%	
February	44.3%	
March	46.7%	
April	45.8%	
May	45.7%	
June	50.7%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	48.3%

Nationally, average rates of incarcerated youths on psychotropic medication ranges between 20 and 40 percent. Additionally, incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medication at a higher rate than incarcerated males and have higher rates of diagnosis of mental disorders.

Table 4: Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

	Mild Suicide	Moderately	Severe Suicide	Total Attempts or
	Attempts	Severe Suicide	Attempts	Threats
	_	Attempts	_	
July	2.0	0.3	0.0	2.3
August	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8
September	1.9	1.0	0.0	2.9
October	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3
November	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
December	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8
January	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	2.8	0.4	0.0	3.2
April	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5
May	2.0	0.8	0.4	3.2
June	1.9	0.8	0.0	2.7
July	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.1
IDJJ Average	1.4	0.4	0.0	1.8

A mild attempt is defined as when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is defined as when a youth attempts self-harm, appears to be motivated by suicidal intent, and inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt it believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with
	Diagnosis	One Diagnosis	Two Diagnoses	Three	Four or More
				Diagnoses	Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	8.90%	9.30%	23.30%	29.60%	35.00%
July	8.70%	9.10%	26.90%	31.10%	38.30%
IDJJ Average	7.78%	10.53%	25.12%	28.16%	28.96%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), is a commonly used tool in psychology to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorder. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60 percent of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates typically exclude substance and conduct disorders.

Table 6: Number of Treatment Participants

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	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	22	18	17	8	11	18	19	29	28	23	17
Harrisburg	36	33	38	34	33	31	31	29	29	22	31
Pere Marquette	46	36	39	36	36	37	36	27	34	21	27
St. Charles	21	18	19	22	21	23	20	14	14	8	10
Warrenville	16	12	17	13	6	6	8	7	8	6	7
IDJJ Total	141	117	130	113	107	115	114	106	113	80	92

Table 7: Primary Substance Abused

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Marijuana	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%	58.3%
Alcohol	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%	8.3%
Other Drugs	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%	12.5%
No Diagnosis	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Each IDJJ facility maintains an in-house substance abuse treatment program. The facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youths enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance, the number reported tends to be higher than the actual number enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment.

Table	8:	Students	Enroll	led	in	School
Lanc	o.	Students	LIHU	ıvu	111	DUIDO

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	36	52	48	43	48	53	50	50	46	52	55
Harrisburg	77	82	73	75	67	69	54	58	58	64	58
Pere Marquette	26	23	21	21	29	27	25	16	11	11	15
St. Charles	61	53	71	62	59	64	72	59	54	49	40
Warrenville	26	28	28	22	21	26	23	22	23	25	22
IDJJ Total	226	238	241	223	224	239	224	205	192	201	190

Table 9: Teachers Employed

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	12	12	12	12	10	10	9	9	9	9	8
Harrisburg	16	16	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Pere Marquette	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
St. Charles	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Warrenville	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	7	7
IDJJ Total	54	54	58	56	52	53	52	52	52	51	50

Table 10: Percent of Special Education Students

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%	43.5%	27.0%	32.7%
Harrisburg	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%	56.9%
Pere Marquette	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%	33.3%
St. Charles	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%	52.5%
Warrenville	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%	31.8%
IDJJ Total	48.7%	48.7%	51.8%	53.3%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.8%	41.1%	36.8%	44.2%

Table 11: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19	Total
Chicago	3	0	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	4	1	21
Harrisburg	8	5	5	2	7	3	2	4	7	2	0	45
Pere Marquette	4	3	1	0	4	0	3	2	4	3	0	24
St. Charles	4	6	3	3	3	5	2	2	5	1	1	35
Warrenville	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	13
IDJJ Total	19	14	12	6	16	10	11	10	22	16	2	138

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department earn some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Youth on Youth Assault	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	15.9	19.5	12.2
Youth Fights	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	16.6	16.7	17.8
Youth on Staff Assaults	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	13.1	6.2	5.7
IDJJ Total	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	42.4	35.7

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults occur when one or more youths strike another youth or youths. Youth fights occur when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults occur when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: Use of Chemical Restraints

	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Harrisburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	5	4	2	4	4	3	7	9	8	2	0
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
IDJJ Total	5	4	2	8	6	3	7	9	8	2	1

Uses of chemical restraints are instances in which pepper spray is used. The table provides the total number of uses in each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals and are given the opportunity to shower.

Table 14: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

1 WATER 1 TO COOK OF THE COMMINSTRATED											
	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	7/19
Chicago	6	5	4	10	16	10	8	19	3	0	1
Harrisburg	23	21	14	15	13	10	2	2	3	3	6
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	28	29	19	31	26	20	15	28	15	0	9
Warrenville	5	2	3	13	6	2	0	1	8	6	10
IDJJ Total	62	57	40	69	61	42	26	50	29	9	26

Uses of mechanical restraints refer to the temporary application of handcuffs with force. The numbers provided are the total number of instances per facility per month. If multiple youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time it is counted as two instances. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for July

	Number of Uses	Rate of Usage	Average Length of Hold
Behavioral Holds	179	64.1	75.8

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" and create subtypes based on the reason for use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is presented as the number of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in each facility, and the average length of confinement in minutes. A behavioral hold is a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or a designated area when they are engaged in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to their safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.



Monthly Report:

June 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

- Make Illinois communities safer for all residents.
- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: Population by Facility

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	59	60	57	51	45	48	49	51	49	48	52
Harrisburg	100	91	95	89	81	75	85	71	81	76	80
Pere Marquette	35	31	29	28	23	32	29	24	22	18	18
St. Charles	91	93	89	96	95	103	99	102	81	74	74
Warrenville	32	26	28	28	22	26	29	26	28	31	33
IDJJ Total	317	301	298	292	266	284	291	274	261	247	257

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	84	81	80	87	84	85	84	89	95	87	84
Harrisburg	153	149	148	154	141	145	141	147	153	147	153
Pere Marquette	49	48	48	50	48	48	48	48	52	52	52
St. Charles	164	166	166	175	170	170	170	170	166	161	149
Warrenville	67	62	60	65	63	64	63	70	70	70	70
IDJJ Total	517	506	502	531	506	512	506	524	536	517	508

Facilities are staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and it takes 3-4 staff to fill one position. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

Table 3: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	FY 2018	FY2019
July	53.3%	41.1%
August	51.2%	45.7%
September	48.1%	52.2%
October	46.2%	55.9%
November	46.3%	49.7%
December	46.3%	52.8%
January	47.1%	49.3%
February	41.6%	44.3%
March	44.4%	46.7%
April	44.6%	45.8%
May	42.7%	45.7%
June	40.5%	50.7%
IDJJ Average	45.9%	48.3%

Nationally, average rates of incarcerated youths on psychotropic medication ranges between 20 and 40 percent. Additionally, incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medication at a higher rate than incarcerated males and have higher rates of diagnosis of mental disorders.

Table 4: Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

		<u> </u>		
	Mild Suicide	Moderately	Severe Suicide	Total Attempts or
	Attempts	Severe Suicide	Attempts	Threats
	_	Attempts	_	
July	2.0	0.3	0.0	2.3
August	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8
September	1.9	1.0	0.0	2.9
October	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3
November	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
December	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8
January	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	2.8	0.4	0.0	3.2
April	1.5	0.0	0.0	1.5
Мау	2.0	0.8	0.4	3.2
June	1.9	0.8	0.0	2.7
IDJJ Average	1.4	0.4	0.0	1.8

A mild attempt is defined as when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is defined as when a youth attempts self-harm, appears to be motivated by suicidal intent, and inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt it believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with
	Diagnosis	One Diagnosis	Two Diagnoses	Three	Four or More
				Diagnoses	Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	20.90%	9.30%	27.90%	27.90%	13.95%
June	8.90%	9.30%	23.30%	29.60%	35.00%
IDJJ Average	7.69%	10.66%	24.95%	27.90%	28.12%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), is a commonly used tool in psychology to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorder. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60 percent of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates typically exclude substance and conduct disorders.

Table 6: Number of Treatment Participants

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	25	22	18	17	8	11	18	19	29	28	23
Harrisburg	37	36	33	38	34	33	31	31	29	29	22
Pere Marquette	48	46	36	39	36	36	37	36	27	34	21
St. Charles	22	21	18	19	22	21	23	20	14	14	8
Warrenville	17	16	12	17	13	6	6	8	7	8	6
IDJJ Total	149	141	117	130	113	107	115	114	106	113	80

Table 7: Primary Substance Abused

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Marijuana	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%	77.5%
Alcohol	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%	5.0%
Other Drugs	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%	17.5%
No Diagnosis	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Each IDJJ facility maintains an in-house substance abuse treatment program. The facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youths enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance, the number reported tends to be higher than the actual number enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment.

Table	8:	Students	Enroll	led	in	School
1 anic	o.	Students	LIHU	ıvu	111	DUIDO

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	53	36	52	48	43	48	53	50	50	46	52
Harrisburg	84	77	82	73	75	67	69	54	58	58	64
Pere Marquette	23	26	23	21	21	29	27	25	16	11	11
St. Charles	72	61	53	71	62	59	64	72	59	54	49
Warrenville	31	26	28	28	22	21	26	23	22	23	25
IDJJ Total	263	226	238	241	223	224	239	224	205	192	201

Table 9: Teachers Employed

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	11	12	12	12	12	10	10	9	9	9	9
Harrisburg	16	16	16	19	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
St. Charles	10	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10
Warrenville	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	7
IDJJ Total	52	54	54	58	56	52	53	52	52	52	51

Table 10: Percent of Special Education Students

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%	43.5%	27.0%
Harrisburg	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%	43.8%
Pere Marquette	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%	45.5%	18.2%
St. Charles	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%	47.0%
Warrenville	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%	28.0%
IDJJ Total	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.8%	53.3%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.8%	41.1%	36.8%

Table 11: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19	Total
Chicago	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	4	21
Harrisburg	4	8	5	5	2	7	3	2	4	7	2	49
Pere Marquette	5	4	3	1	0	4	0	3	2	4	3	29
St. Charles	1	4	6	3	3	3	5	2	2	5	1	35
Warrenville	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	15
IDJJ Total	13	19	14	12	6	16	10	11	10	22	16	149

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department earn some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Youth on Youth Assault	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	15.9	19.5
Youth Fights	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	16.6	16.7
Youth on Staff Assaults	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	13.1	6.2
IDJJ Total	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6	42.4

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults occur when one or more youths strike another youth or youths. Youth fights occur when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults occur when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: Use of Chemical Restraints

	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
Harrisburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	10	5	4	2	4	4	3	7	9	8	2
<u>Warrenville</u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	11	5	4	2	8	6	3	7	9	8	2

Uses of chemical restraints are instances in which pepper spray is used. The table provides the total number of uses in each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals and are given the opportunity to shower.

Table 14: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

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	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	6/19
Chicago	6	6	5	4	10	16	10	8	19	3	0
Harrisburg	18	23	21	14	15	13	10	2	2	3	3
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
St. Charles	32	28	29	19	31	26	20	15	28	15	0
Warrenville	4	5	2	3	13	6	2	0	1	8	6
IDJJ Total	60	62	57	40	69	61	42	26	50	29	9

Uses of mechanical restraints refer to the temporary application of handcuffs with force. The numbers provided are the total number of instances per facility per month. If multiple youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time it is counted as two instances. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for June

	Number of Uses	of	Average Length of Hold
Behavioral Holds	150	53.3	93.6

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" and create subtypes based on the reason for use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is presented as the number of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in each facility, and the average length of confinement in minutes. A behavioral hold is a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or a designated area when they are engaged in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to their safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.



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- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

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Table 1: Population by Facility

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	62	59	60	57	51	45	48	49	51	49	48
Harrisburg	107	100	91	95	89	81	75	85	71	81	76
Pere Marquette	34	35	31	29	28	23	32	29	24	22	18
St. Charles	106	91	93	89	96	95	103	99	102	81	74
Warrenville	30	32	26	28	28	22	26	29	26	28	31
IDJJ Total	339	317	301	298	292	266	284	291	274	261	247

Table 2: Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	86	84	81	80	87	84	85	84	89	95	87
Harrisburg	155	153	149	148	154	141	145	141	147	153	147
Pere Marquette	49	49	48	48	50	48	48	48	48	52	52
St. Charles	162	164	166	166	175	170	170	170	170	166	161
Warrenville	67	67	62	60	65	63	64	63	70	70	70
IDJJ Total	519	517	506	502	531	506	512	506	524	536	517

Facilities are staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and it takes 3-4 staff to fill one position. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

Table 3: Percent of Youth Psychotropic Medication

	FY 2018	FY2019
July	53.3%	41.1%
August	51.2%	45.7%
September	48.1%	52.2%
October	46.2%	55.9%
November	46.3%	49.7%
December	46.3%	52.8%
January	47.1%	49.3%
February	41.6%	44.3%
March	44.4%	46.7%
April	44.6%	45.8%
May	42.7%	45.7%
June	40.5%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	48.1%

Nationally, average rates of incarcerated youths on psychotropic medication ranges between 20 and 40 percent. Additionally, incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medication at a higher rate than incarcerated males and have higher rates of diagnosis of mental disorders.

Table 4: Rate of Suicide Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

14610 11 11400 01 841	Mild Suicide	Moderately	Severe Suicide	Total Attempts or
	Attempts	Severe Suicide	Attempts	Threats
	•	Attempts	1	
July	2.0	0.3	0.0	2.3
August	0.9	0.9	0.0	1.8
September	1.9	1.0	0.0	2.9
October	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3
November	1.7	0.0	0.0	1.7
December	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.8
January	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	2.8	0.4	0.0	3.2
April			0.0	1.5
May	2.0	0.8	0.4	3.2
IDJJ Average	1.3	0.4	0.0	1.7

A mild attempt is defined as when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is defined as when a youth attempts self-harm, appears to be motivated by suicidal intent, and inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt it believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with	Youth with
	Diagnosis	One Diagnosis	Two Diagnoses	Three	Four or More
				Diagnoses	Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.52%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
May	8.77%	8.77%	23.51%	29.12%	29.82%
IDJJ Average	5.33%	10.46%	24.35%	28.61%	30.44%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition (DSM-5), is a commonly used tool in psychology to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorder. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60 percent of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates typically exclude substance and conduct disorders.

Table 6: Number of Treatment Participants

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	30	25	22	18	17	8	11	18	19	29	28
Harrisburg	43	37	36	33	38	34	33	31	31	29	29
Pere Marquette	47	48	46	36	39	36	36	37	36	27	34
St. Charles	31	22	21	18	19	22	21	23	20	14	14
Warrenville	20	17	16	12	17	13	6	6	8	7	8
IDJJ Total	171	149	141	117	130	113	107	115	114	106	113

Table 7: Primary Substance Abused of Those in Treatment

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Marijuana	75.4%	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	77.5%
Alcohol	9.9%	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	2.7%
Other Drugs	13.5%	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	19.8%
No Diagnosis	1.0%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Each IDJJ facility maintains an in-house substance abuse treatment program. The facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youths enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance, the number reported tends to be higher than the actual number enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment.

Table 8:	Students	Enrolled	in School
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	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	51	53	36	52	48	43	48	53	50	50	46
Harrisburg	96	84	77	82	73	75	67	69	54	58	58
Pere Marquette	23	23	26	23	21	21	29	27	25	16	11
St. Charles	77	72	61	53	71	62	59	64	72	59	54
Warrenville	30	31	26	28	28	22	21	26	23	22	23
IDJJ Total	277	263	226	238	241	223	224	239	224	205	192

Table 9: Teachers Employed

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	10	9	9	9
Harrisburg	17	16	16	16	19	18	18	18	18	18	18
Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	7
St. Charles	11	10	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10
Warrenville	7	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8
IDJJ Total	54	52	54	54	58	56	52	53	52	52	52

Table 10: Percent of Special Education Students

	I										
	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	37.3%	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%	43.5%
Harrisburg	39.6%	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%	39.7%
Pere Marquette	52.2%	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%	45.5%
St. Charles	56.0%	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%	44.4%
Warrenville	46.7%	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%	30.4%
IDJJ Total	45.5%	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.8%	53.3%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.8%	41.1%

Table 11: Overall Diplomas Awarded

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19	Total
Chicago	0	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	4	2	1	17
Harrisburg	4	4	8	5	5	2	7	3	2	4	7	51
Pere Marquette	6	5	4	3	1	0	4	0	3	2	4	32
St. Charles	2	1	4	6	3	3	3	5	2	2	5	36
Warrenville	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	10
IDJJ Total	13	13	19	14	12	6	16	10	11	10	22	146

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department earn some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: Number of Reportable Incidents

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Youth on Youth Assault	10.7	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6	15.9
Youth Fights	17.5	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9	16.6
Youth on Staff Assaults	9.9	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2	13.1
IDJJ Total	38.0	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7	45.6

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults occur when one or more youths strike another youth or youths. Youth fights occur when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults occur when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: Use of Chemical Restraints

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0
Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St. Charles	23	10	5	4	2	4	4	3	7	9	8
Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	28	11	5	4	2	8	6	3	7	9	8

Uses of chemical restraints are instances in which pepper spray is used. The table provides the total number of uses in each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals and are given the opportunity to shower.

Table 14: Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	7/18	8/18	9/18	10/18	11/18	12/18	1/19	2/19	3/19	4/19	5/19
Chicago	10	6	6	5	4	10	16	10	8	19	3
Harrisburg	10	18	23	21	14	15	13	10	2	2	3
Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
St. Charles	58	32	28	29	19	31	26	20	15	28	15
Warrenville	12	4	5	2	3	13	6	2	0	1	8
IDJJ Total	90	60	62	57	40	69	61	42	26	50	29

Uses of mechanical restraints refer to the temporary application of handcuffs with force. The numbers provided are the total number of instances per facility per month. If multiple youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time it is counted as two instances. After any use, youth are checked by medical professionals.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for May

	Number of Uses	Rate of Usage per 100 Youth	Average Length of Hold in Minutes
Behavioral Holds	130	44.0	93.6

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" and create subtypes based on the reason for use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data are presented as the number of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in each facility, and the average length of confinement in minutes. A behavioral hold is a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or a designated area when they are engaged in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to their safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.



Monthly Report

April 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

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- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: FY 2019 Population by Facility

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	62	59	60	57	51	45	48	56	58	51
IYC Harrisburg	107	100	91	95	89	81	75	85	67	78
IYC Pere Marquette	34	35	31	29	28	23	30	28	24	22
IYC St. Charles	106	91	93	89	96	95	103	98	104	78
IYC Warrenville	30	32	26	28	28	22	26	29	26	28
IDJJ Total	339	317	301	298	292	266	282	296	279	257

The population is measured as the number of youth in a facility on the last day of the month.

Table 2: FY 2019 Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	86	84	81	80	87	84	85	84		
IYC Harrisburg	155	153	149	148	154	150	145	141		
IYC Pere Marquette	49	49	48	48	50	50	48	48		
IYC St. Charles	162	164	166	166	175	173	170	170		
IYC Warrenville	67	67	62	60	65	65	64	63		
IDJJ Total	519	517	506	502	531	522	512	506		

The headcount of security staff is obtained by examining the number of security staff on active payroll for each facility. As facilities must be staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, it takes 3 or 4 staff to fill one post, full time. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

^{*} FY refers to the calendar year.

Table 3: Percent of Youth on Psychotropic Medication

	.,,	
	FY 2018	FY 2019
July	52.3%	41.1%
August	51.2%	45.7%
September	48.1%	52.2%
October	46.2%	55.9%
November	46.3%	49.7%
December	46.3%	52.8%
January	47.1%	49.3%
February	41.6%	44.3%
March	44.4%	46.7%
April	44.6%	45.8%
May	42.7%	
June	40.5%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	48.4%

Nationally, the rates of incarcerated youth on psychotropic medication tend to range between 20 and 40%. Additionally, greater numbers of incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medications than males and have higher rates of diagnosis for mental disorders

Table 4: FY 2019 Rate of Self-Harm Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

1 able 4: FY 2015	Rate of Sei	I-Harm Au	tempts by So	everity per 1	too Youth	
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	July	1.97	0.28	0.00	2.25	
	August	0.93	0.93	0.00	1.86	
	September	1.90	0.95	0.00	2.85	
	October	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.34	
	November	1.72	0.00	0.00	1.72	
	December	0.36	0.36	0.00	0.72	
	January	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.37	
	February	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	March	2.78	0.35	0.00	3.13	
	April	1.49	0.00	0.00	1.49	
IDJJ Average		1.29	0.29	0.00	1.57	•

Self-harm rates are measured by the total number of incidents and do not reflect the number of youth who have attempted self-harm. A mild attempt is when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is when a youth attempts self-harm and appears to be motivated by suicidal intent and as such inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and as such inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt is believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: FY 2019 Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66% 4.53%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November		9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.53%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
April	4.98%	10.73%	21.46%	28.74%	34.10%
IDJJ Average	4.98%	10.61%	24.76%	28.54%	30.10%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition, is a commonly used tool in the psychology field to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of mental disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorders. Nearly all youth in IDJJ facilities have a minimum of one diagnosis according to DSM-5 definitions. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60% of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates tend to exclude substance abuse and conduct disorders.

Table 6: FY 2019 Number of Substance Abuse Treatment Participants

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	30	25	22	18	17	8	11	18	19	29
IYC Harrisburg	43	37	36	33	38	34	33	31	31	29
IYC Pere Marquette	47	48	46	36	39	36	36	37	36	27
IYC St. Charles	31	22	21	18	19	22	21	23	20	14
IYC Warrenville	20	17	16	12	17	13	6	6	8	7
IDJJ Total	171	149	141	117	130	113	107	115	114	106

Table 7: FY 2019 Primary Substance Abused by Youth in Treatment

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019	Average
Marijuana	75.4%	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	72.6%	78.6%
Alcohol	9.9%	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.8%	6.3%
Other Drugs	13.5%	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	23.6%	14.1%
No Diagnosis	1.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%

Each of the IDJJ facilities have an in-house substance abuse treatment program. Treatment at the facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youth enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance into the programs, the number of youth reported in a program tends to be greater than the actual number of youth enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment. Many youth enrolled in treatment are polysubstance users and are treated accordingly.

Table 8: FY 2019 Students Enrolled in School

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	51	53	36	52	48	43	48	53	50	50
IYC Harrisburg	96	84	77	82	73	75	67	69	54	58
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	26	23	21	21	29	27	25	16
IYC St. Charles	77	72	61	53	71	62	59	64	72	59
IYC Warrenville	30	31	26	28	28	22	21	26	23	22
IDJJ Total	277	263	226	238	241	223	224	239	224	205

Table 9: FY 2019 Teachers Employed

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	10	9	9
IYC Harrisburg	17	16	16	16	19	18	18	18	18	18
IYC Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7
IYC St. Charles	11	10	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10
IYC Warrenville	7	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
IDJJ Total	54	52	54	54	58	56	52	53	52	52

Table 10: FY 2019 Percent of Special Education Students

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	37.3%	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%	40.0%
IYC Harrisburg	39.6%	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%	51.7%
IYC Pere Marquette	52.2%	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%	37.5%
IYC St. Charles	55.8%	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%	50.9%
IYC Warrenville	46.7%	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%	27.3%
IDJJ Average	45.5%	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.9%	53.4%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%	44.9%

Table 11: FY 2019 Overall Diplomas Awarded

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019	Totals
IYC Chicago	0	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	5	2	17
IYC Harrisburg	4	4	8	5	5	2	7	3	5	4	47
IYC Pere Marquette	6	5	4	3	1	0	4	0	3	2	28
IYC St. Charles	2	1	4	6	3	3	3	5	5	2	34
IYC Warrenville	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
IDJJ Total	13	13	19	14	12	6	16	10	18	10	131

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department receive some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that about 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data is collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: FY 2019 Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
Youth on Youth Assaults	10.7	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7	15.6
Youth Fights	17.5	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9	14.9
Youth on Staff Assaults	9.9	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9	8.2
Overall Reportable Incidents	38.0	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6	37.7

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults are when one or more youth strikes another youth or youths. Youth fights are when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults are when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: FY 2019 Uses of Chemical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	23	10	5	4	2	4	4	3	7	9
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	28	11	5	4	2	8	6	3	7	9

Uses of chemical restraints are instances of the use of pepper spray as a use of force. The table provides a total number of uses at each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional and have an opportunity to shower.

Table 14: FY 2019 Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	04/2019
IYC Chicago	10	6	6	5	4	10	16	10	8	19
IYC Harrisburg	10	18	23	21	14	15	13	10	2	2
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	58	32	28	29	19	31	26			
IYC Warrenville	12	4	5	2	3	13	6	2	0	1
IDJJ Total	90	60	62	57	40	69	61			

Uses of mechanical restraints are the temporary application of handcuffs as a use of force. The numbers provided are the total number of uses at each facility per month. If there is an incident where two youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time, that is counted as two uses. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for April 2019

	<u> </u>		
			Average
	Number	Rate of	Length
	of Uses	Usage	of Hold
Behavioral Holds	170	63.5	85

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" broadly and created subtypes based on the reason for its use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is being presented on the number of uses of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in facility, and the average length of a confinement hold in minutes. The numbers represent uses of confinement and not youths confined. A behavioral hold is when a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or designated area because he or she is engaging in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to his or her own safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.

Table 16: Youth on Aftercare

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	856	873	875	869	859	853	818	865	842	843
Number of Youth in Community	408	411	423	408	416	445	410	448	446	438
Number of Youth in Facilities	311	291	274	272	263	238	251	268	250	228
Number of Youth Suspended or with Warrants	137	171	178	189	180	170	157	149	146	177

Table 17: Caseloads in Aftercare (Per Specialist)

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April
Average Number of Youth on Caseload	17.5	17.1	17	16.6	16.6	15.9	15.7	17	17	16.2
Average Number of Youth in Community	10	10	10.3	10	10.1	10.3	9.8	10.7	10.9	10.7
Average Number of Youth in Facilities	7.5	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	5.5	6	6.3	6.1	5.5

There are three groups of youth served by Aftercare. Youth in facilities are currently held in an IDJJ facility, but preparing for their transition to the community. Youth in the community are currently supervised through Aftercare after release from a facility. Youth suspended or with warrants are in violation of the terms of their supervised release and are supervised in the community or being held in a facility pending a legal hearing or have a warrant issued for their arrest. The average number of youth on caseload provides the average number of all types of youth that one Aftercare Specialist will supervise.

Table 18: Aftercare Specialist Contact per Youth by Office in April 2019

Aftercare Regional Office	Overall Contacts	Contacts per Youth	Community Contacts	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago	167	1.9	156	2.2
Chicago Heights	67	2.1	62	2.6
Aurora	96	2.7	88	3
Rockford	172	2.6	171	3
Peoria	179	3.9	178	4.5
East St. Louis	130	2.7	111	3.2
Champaign	119	1.9	113	2.1
Springfield	72	1.8	64	1.9
Placement	569	2.9	216	4.1
IDJJ Total	1571	2.4	1159	2.6

Contacts between Aftercare and a youth start to occur prior to their release from an IDJJ facility. Contacts, both overall and in the community, are face-to-face meetings that occur between Aftercare Specialists and youth, their host site, placement staff, and engaged friends and family members. Contacts per youth provides an average number of contacts an Aftercare specialists will have for each youth on their caseload. Contacts per youth in community only examines contacts regarding youth that are actively monitored in the community. Per Departmental policy, Aftercare Specialists are meant to have one to four meetings per month with each youth, depending on their level of supervision.



Monthly Report

March 2019

JB Pritzker

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Heidi Mueller

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	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	62	59	60	57	51	45	48	56	58
IYC Harrisburg	107	100	91	95	89	81	75	85	67
IYC Pere Marquette	34	35	31	29	28	23	30	28	24
IYC St. Charles	106	91	93	89	96	95	103	98	104
IYC Warrenville	30	32	26	28	28	22	26	29	26
IDJJ Total	339	317	301	298	292	266	282	296	279

The population is measured as the number of youth in a facility on the last day of the month.

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IYC Pere Marquette	49	49	48	48	50	50	48	48	
IYC St. Charles	162	164	166	166	175	173	170	170	
IYC Warrenville	67	67	62	60	65	65	64	63	
IDJJ Total	519	517	506	502	531	522	512	506	

The headcount of security staff is obtained by examining the number of security staff on active payroll for each facility. As facilities must be staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, it takes 3 or 4 staff to fill one post, full time. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

^{*} FY refers to the calendar year.

Table 3: Percent of Youth on Psychotropic Medication

FY 2018	FY 2019
52.3%	41.1%
51.2%	45.7%
48.1%	52.2%
46.2%	55.9%
46.3%	49.7%
46.3%	52.8%
47.1%	49.3%
41.6%	44.3%
44.4%	46.7%
44.6%	
42.7%	
40.5%	
45.9%	48.6%
	52.3% 51.2% 48.1% 46.2% 46.3% 47.1% 41.6% 44.4% 44.6% 42.7% 40.5%

Nationally, the rates of incarcerated youth on psychotropic medication tend to range between 20 and 40%. Additionally, greater numbers of incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medications than males and have higher rates of diagnosis for mental disorders.

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Table 4. FT 2019 Kate of Se	m-marm At	tempts by S	everity per		
	Milds	atthur Artentis	Sever Self	ratin Total Atlentit	of The sta
July	1.97	0.28	0.00	2.25	•
August	0.93	0.93	0.00	1.86	
September	1.90	0.95	0.00	2.85	
October	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.34	
November	1.72	0.00	0.00	1.72	
December	0.36	0.36	0.00	0.72	
January	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.37	
February	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
March	2.78	0.35	0.00	3.13	
IDJJ Average	1.26	0.32	0.00	1.58	

Self-harm rates are measured by the total number of incidents and do not reflect the number of youth who have attempted self-harm. A mild attempt is when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is when a youth attempts self-harm and appears to be motivated by suicidal intent and as such inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and as such inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt is believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: FY 2019 Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.53%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
March	3.30%	12.54%	25.08%	28.38%	30.69%
IDJJ Average	4.98%	10.61%	24.76%	28.54%	30.10%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition, is a commonly used tool in the psychology field to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of mental disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorders. Nearly all youth in IDJJ facilities have a minimum of one diagnosis according to DSM-5 definitions. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60% of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates tend to exclude substance abuse and conduct disorders.

Table 6: FY 2019 Number of Substance Abuse Treatment Participants

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	30	25	22	18	17	8	11	18	19
IYC Harrisburg	43	37	36	33	38	34	33	31	31
IYC Pere Marquette	47	48	46	36	39	36	36	37	36
IYC St. Charles	31	22	21	18	19	22	21	23	20
IYC Warrenville	20	17	16	12	17	13	6	6	8
IDJJ Total	171	149	141	117	130	113	107	115	114

Table 7: FY 2019 Primary Substance Abused by Youth in Treatment

_	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	Average
Marijuana	75.4%	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.8%	79.3%
Alcohol	9.9%	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	6.5%
Other Drugs	13.5%	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	16.7%	13.1%
No Diagnosis	1.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.9%

Each of the IDJJ facilities have an in-house substance abuse treatment program. Treatment at the facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youth enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance into the programs, the number of youth reported in a program tends to be greater than the actual number of youth enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment. Many youth enrolled in treatment are polysubstance users and are treated accordingly.

Table 8: FY 2019 Students Enrolled in School

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	51	53	36	52	48	43	48	53	50
IYC Harrisburg	96	84	77	82	73	75	67	69	54
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	26	23	21	21	29	27	25
IYC St. Charles	77	72	61	53	71	62	59	64	72
IYC Warrenville	30	31	26	28	28	22	21	26	23
IDJJ Total	277	263	226	238	241	223	224	239	224

Table 9: FY 2019 Teachers Employed

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	10	9
IYC Harrisburg	17	16	16	16	19	18	18	18	18
IYC Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	7
IYC St. Charles	11	10	11	10	11	11	10	10	10
IYC Warrenville	7	6	6	7	7	7	7	8	8
IDJJ Total	54	52	54	54	58	56	52	53	52

Table 10: FY 2019 Percent of Special Education Students

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	37.3%	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%	48.0%
IYC Harrisburg	39.6%	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%	38.9%
IYC Pere Marquette	52.2%	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%	40.0%
IYC St. Charles	55.8%	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%	48.6%
IYC Warrenville	46.7%	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%	21.7%
IDJJ Average	45.5%	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.9%	53.4%	42.9%	46.4%	42.4%

Table 11: FY 2019 Overall Diplomas Awarded

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019	Totals
IYC Chicago	0	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	5	15
IYC Harrisburg	4	4	8	5	5	2	7	3	5	43
IYC Pere Marquette	6	5	4	3	1	0	4	0	3	26
IYC St. Charles	2	1	4	6	3	3	3	5	5	32
IYC Warrenville	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	5
IDJJ Total	13	13	19	14	12	6	16	10	18	121

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department receive some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that about 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data is collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: FY 2019 Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
Youth on Youth Assaults	10.7	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5	9.7
Youth Fights	17.5	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5	14.9
Youth on Staff Assaults	9.9	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9	6.9
Overall Reportable Incidents	38.0	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9	31.6

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults are when one or more youth strikes another youth or youths. Youth fights are when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults are when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: FY 2019 Uses of Chemical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0
IYC Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	23	10	5	4	2	4	4	3	7
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	28	11	5	4	2	8	6	3	7

Uses of chemical restraints are instances of the use of pepper spray as a use of force. The table provides a total number of uses at each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional and have an opportunity to shower.

Table 14: FY 2019 Uses of Mechanical Restraints

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	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	03/2019
IYC Chicago	10	6	6	5	4	10	16	10	8
IYC Harrisburg	10	18	23	21	14	15	13	10	2
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	58	32	28	29	19	31	26		
IYC Warrenville	12	4	5	2	3	13	6	2	0
IDJJ Total	90	60	62	57	40	69	61		

Uses of mechanical restraints are the temporary application of handcuffs as a use of force. The numbers provided are the total number of uses at each facility per month. If there is an incident where two youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time, that is counted as two uses. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for March 2019

			Average
	Number	Rate of	Length
	of Uses	Usage	of Hold
Behavioral Holds	140	48.6	128
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Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" broadly and created subtypes based on the reason for its use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is being presented on the number of uses of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in facility, and the average length of a confinement hold in minutes. The numbers represent uses of confinement and not youths confined. A behavioral hold is when a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or designated area because he or she is engaging in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to his or her own safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.

Table 16: Youth on Aftercare

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	856	873	875	869	859	853	818	865	842
Number of Youth in Community	408	411	423	408	416	445	410	448	446
Number of Youth in Facilities	311	291	274	272	263	238	251	268	250
Number of Youth Suspended or with Warrants	137	171	178	189	180	170	157	149	146

Table 17: Caseloads in Aftercare (Per Specialist)

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
Average Number of Youth on Caseload	17.5	17.1	17	16.6	16.6	15.9	15.7	17	17
Average Number of Youth in Community	10	10	10.3	10	10.1	10.3	9.8	10.7	10.9
Average Number of Youth in Facilities	7.5	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	5.5	6	6.3	6.1

There are three groups of youth served by Aftercare. Youth in facilities are currently held in an IDJJ facility, but preparing for their transition to the community. Youth in the community are currently supervised through Aftercare after release from a facility. Youth suspended or with warrants are in violation of the terms of their supervised release and are supervised in the community or being held in a facility pending a legal hearing or have a warrant issued for their arrest. The average number of youth on caseload provides the average number of all types of youth that one Aftercare Specialist will supervise.

Table 18: Aftercare Specialist Contact per Youth by Office in March 2019

Aftercare Regional Office	Overall Contacts per Contacts Youth		Community Contacts	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago	181	2	164	2.5
Chicago Heights	76	2.2	63	2.7
Aurora	95	3.2	93	3.4
Rockford	160	3.6	156	4.6
Peoria	164	2.1	156	2.5
East St. Louis	122	2.4	110	2.8
Champaign	111	2.3	105	2.6
Springfield	117	2.1	116	2.5
Placement	512	2.7	180	4.6
IDJJ Total	1538	2.2	1143	2.6

Contacts between Aftercare and a youth start to occur prior to their release from an IDJJ facility. Contacts, both overall and in the community, are face-to-face meetings that occur between Aftercare Specialists and youth, their host site, placement staff, and engaged friends and family members. Contacts per youth provides an average number of contacts an Aftercare specialists will have for each youth on their caseload. Contacts per youth in community only examines contacts regarding youth that are actively monitored in the community. Per Departmental policy, Aftercare Specialists are meant to have one to four meetings per month with each youth, depending on their level of supervision.



Monthly Report

February 2019

JB Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

- Make Illinois communities safer for all residents.
- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation.

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: FY 2019 Population by Facility

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	62	59	60	57	51	45	48	56
IYC Harrisburg	107	100	91	95	89	81	75	85
IYC Pere Marquette	34	35	31	29	28	23	30	28
IYC St. Charles	106	91	93	89	96	95	103	98
IYC Warrenville	30	32	26	28	28	22	26	29
IDJJ Total	339	317	301	298	292	266	282	296

The population is measured as the number of youth in a facility on the last day of the month.

Table 2: FY 2019 Security Staff Headcount by Facility

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	86	84	81	80	87	84	85	84
IYC Harrisburg	155	153	149	148	154	150	145	141
IYC Pere Marquette	49	49	48	48	50	50	48	48
IYC St. Charles	162	164	166	166	175	173	170	170
IYC Warrenville	67	67	62	60	65	65	64	63
IDJJ Total	519	517	506	502	531	522	512	506

The headcount of security staff is obtained by examining the number of security staff on active payroll for each facility. As facilities must be staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, it takes 3 or 4 staff to fill one post, full time. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns.

^{*} FY refers to the calendar year.

Table 3: Percent of Youth on Psychotropic Medication

FY 2018	FY 2019
52.3%	41.1%
51.2%	45.7%
48.1%	52.2%
46.2%	55.9%
46.3%	49.7%
46.3%	52.8%
47.1%	49.3%
41.6%	44.3%
44.4%	
44.6%	
42.7%	
40.5%	
45.9%	48.9%
	52.3% 51.2% 48.1% 46.2% 46.3% 46.3% 47.1% 41.6% 44.4% 42.7% 40.5%

Nationally, the rates of incarcerated youth on psychotropic medication tend to range between 20 and 40%. Additionally, greater numbers of incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medications than males and have higher rates of diagnosis for mental disorders.

Table 4: FY 2019 Rate of Self-Harm Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

1 able 4: F 1 2019 K	Table 4: FY 2019 Rate of Sen-Harm Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth											
		Mild Se	Maderally Water Many	refesor self	July Total Atental	of the dis						
	July	1.97	0.28	0.00	2.25							
	August	0.93	0.93	0.00	1.86							
S	eptember	1.90	0.95	0.00	2.85							
	October	1.34	0.00	0.00	1.34							
Λ	lovember	1.72	0.00	0.00	1.72							
L	December	0.36	0.36	0.00	0.72							
	January	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.37							
	February	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00							
IDJJ Average		1.07	0.32	0.00	2.00							

Self-harm rates are measured by the total number of incidents and do not reflect the number of youth who have attempted self-harm. A mild attempt is when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is when a youth attempts self-harm and appears to be motivated by suicidal intent and as such inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and as such inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt is believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: FY 2019 Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.53%
February	6.41%	12.10%	23.49%	25.27%	32.74%
IDJJ Average	5.19%	10.37%	24.72%	28.56%	30.03%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition, is a commonly used tool in the psychology field to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of mental disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorders. Nearly all youth in IDJJ facilities have a minimum of one diagnosis according to DSM-5 definitions. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60% of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates tend to exclude substance abuse and conduct disorders.

Table 6: FY 2019 Number of Substance Abuse Treatment Participants

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	30	25	22	18	17	8	11	18
IYC Harrisburg	43	37	36	33	38	34	33	31
IYC Pere Marquette	47	48	46	36	39	36	36	37
IYC St. Charles	31	22	21	18	19	22	21	23
IYC Warrenville	20	17	16	12	17	13	6	6
IDJJ Total	171	149	141	117	130	113	107	115

Table 7: FY 2019 Primary Substance Abused by Youth in Treatment

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	Average
Marijuana	75.4%	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	80.9%	79.2%
Alcohol	9.9%	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	3.5%	6.9%
Other Drugs	13.5%	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	15.7%	12.6%
No Diagnosis	1.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	0.0%	1.0%

Each of the IDJJ facilities have an in-house substance abuse treatment program. Treatment at the facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youth enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance into the programs, the number of youth reported in a program tends to be greater than the actual number of youth enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment. Many youth enrolled in treatment are polysubstance users and are treated accordingly.

Table 8: FY 2019 Students Enrolled in School

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	51	53	36	52	48	43	48	53
IYC Harrisburg	96	84	77	82	73	75	67	69
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	26	23	21	21	29	27
IYC St. Charles	77	72	61	53	71	62	59	64
IYC Warrenville	30	31	26	28	28	22	21	26
IDJJ Total	277	263	226	238	241	223	224	239

Table 9: FY 2019 Teachers Employed

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	10	11	12	12	12	12	10	10
IYC Harrisburg	17	16	16	16	19	18	18	18
IYC Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	9	8	7	7
IYC St. Charles	11	10	11	10	11	11	10	10
IYC Warrenville	7	6	6	7	7	7	7	8
IDJJ Total	54	52	54	54	58	56	52	53

Table 10: FY 2019 Percent of Special Education Students

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	37.3%	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%	49.1%
IYC Harrisburg	39.6%	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%	47.8%
IYC Pere Marquette	52.2%	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%	44.4%
IYC St. Charles	55.8%	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%	46.9%
IYC Warrenville	46.7%	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%	38.5%
IDJJ Average	45.5%	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.9%	53.4%	42.9%	46.4%

Table 11: FY 2019 Overall Diplomas Awarded

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019	Totals
IYC Chicago	0	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	10
IYC Harrisburg	4	4	8	5	5	2	7	3	38
IYC Pere Marquette	6	5	4	3	1	0	4	0	23
IYC St. Charles	2	1	4	6	3	3	3	5	27
IYC Warrenville	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	5
IDJJ Total	13	13	19	14	12	6	16	10	103

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department receive some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that about 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data is collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: FY 2019 Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
Youth on Youth Assaults	10.7	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0	5.5
Youth Fights	17.5	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6	14.5
Youth on Staff Assaults	9.9	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0	5.9
Overall Reportable Incidents	38.0	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6	25.9

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults are when one or more youth strikes another youth or youths. Youth fights are when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults are when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: FY 2019 Uses of Chemical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	3	2	0
IYC Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	23	10	5	4	2	4	4	3
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	28	11	5	4	2	8	6	3

Uses of chemical restraints are instances of the use of pepper spray as a use of force. The table provides a total number of uses at each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional and have an opportunity to shower.

Table 14: FY 2019 Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	02/2019
IYC Chicago	10	6	6	5	4	10	16	10
IYC Harrisburg	10	18	23	21	14	15	13	10
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	58	32	28	29	19	31	26	
IYC Warrenville	12	4	5	2	3	13	6	2
IDJJ Total	90	60	62	57	40	69	61	

Uses of mechanical restraints are the temporary application of handcuffs as a use of force. The numbers provided are the total number of uses at each facility per month. If there is an incident where two youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time, that is counted as two uses. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for February 2019

		Average
Number	Rate of	Length
of Uses	Usage	of Hold
109	0.4	174
	of Uses	Number Rate of Of Uses Usage 109 0.4

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" broadly and created subtypes based on the reason for its use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is being presented on the number of uses of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in facility, and the average length of a confinement hold in minutes. The numbers represent uses of confinement and not youths confined. A behavioral hold is when a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or designated area because he or she is engaging in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to his or her own safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.

Table 16: Youth on Aftercare

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	856	873	875	869	859	853	818	865
Number of Youth in Community	408	411	423	408	416	445	410	448
Number of Youth in Facilities	311	291	274	272	263	238	251	268
Number of Youth Suspended or with Warrants	137	171	178	189	180	170	157	149

Table 17: Caseloads in Aftercare (Per Specialist)

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February
Average Number of Youth on Caseload	17.5	17.1	17	16.6	16.6	15.9	15.7	17
Average Number of Youth in Community	10	10	10.3	10	10.1	10.3	9.8	10.7
Average Number of Youth in Facilities	7.5	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	5.5	6	6.3

There are three groups of youth served by Aftercare. Youth in facilities are currently held in an IDJJ facility, but preparing for their transition to the community. Youth in the community are currently supervised through Aftercare after release from a facility. Youth suspended or with warrants are in violation of the terms of their supervised release and are supervised in the community or being held in a facility pending a legal hearing or have a warrant issued for their arrest. The average number of youth on caseload provides the average number of all types of youth that one Aftercare Specialist will supervise.

Table 18: Aftercare Specialist Contact per Youth by Office in February 2019

Aftercare Regional Office	Overall Contacts	Contacts per Youth	Community Contacts	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago	209	2.2	196	2.8
Chicago Heights	62	1.8	57	2
Aurora	101	2.5	90	2.6
Rockford	150	3.6	144	4.4
Peoria	158	2	151	2.6
East St. Louis	123	1.9	108	2.3
Champaign	103	2	89	2.3
Springfield	98	2.1	88	2.5
Placement	455	2.4	156	3.9
IDJJ Total	1459	2.3	1079	2.8

Contacts between Aftercare and a youth start to occur prior to their release from an IDJJ facility. Contacts, both overall and in the community, are face-to-face meetings that occur between Aftercare Specialists and youth, their host site, placement staff, and engaged friends and family members. Contacts per youth provides an average number of contacts an Aftercare specialists will have for each youth on their caseload. Contacts per youth in community only examines contacts regarding youth that are actively monitored in the community. Per Departmental policy, Aftercare Specialists are meant to have one to four meetings per month with each youth, depending on their level of supervision.



Monthly Report

January 2019

J.B. Pritzker

Governor

Heidi Mueller

Director

The Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice has two goals:

- Make Illinois communities safer for all residents.
- Foster better life outcomes for youth in the Department's custody by providing appropriate and effective rehabilitation.

In March 2015, the Department unveiled its comprehensive strategic plan focusing on five core principles:

- Right-Size: Reduce the use of secure custody for low-risk youth
- Rehabilitate: Improve programs to meet the needs of high-risk youth
- Reintegrate: Improve programs to ensure successful reentry
- Respect: Create a safe and respectful environment for youth and staff
- Report: Increase transparency and accountability

This monthly report is part of the Department's commitment to enhance reporting and transparency. This allows the Department to more effectively inform stakeholders and the public about operations and outcomes.

Table 1: FY 2019 Population by Facility

		·					
	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	62	59	60	57	51	45	48
IYC Harrisburg	107	100	91	95	89	81	75
IYC Pere Marquette	34	35	31	29	28	23	30
IYC St. Charles	106	91	93	89	96	95	103
IYC Warrenville	30	32	26	28	28	22	26
IDJJ Total	339	317	301	298	292	266	282

The population is measured as the number of youth in a facility on the last day of the month.

Table 2: FY 2019 Security Staff Headcount by Facility

Tuble 2.11 1 2017 Security	tuble 2011 1 2017 Security Stail Headedune by Luciney												
	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019						
IYC Chicago													
IYC Harrisburg													
IYC Pere Marquette													
IYC St. Charles													
IYC Warrenville													
ID II TO A I													

IDJJ Total

The headcount of security staff is obtained by examining the number of security staff on active payroll for each facility. As facilities must be staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, it takes 3 or 4 staff to fill one post, full time. The number of security staff includes security supervisors and interns. Data since July 2018 has not been made available at this time.

^{*} FY refers to the calendar year.

Table 3: Percent of Youth on Psychotropic Medication

	FY 2018	FY 2019
July	52.3%	41.1%
August	51.2%	45.7%
September	48.1%	52.2%
October	46.2%	55.9%
November	46.3%	49.7%
December	46.3%	52.8%
January	47.1%	49.3%
February	41.6%	
March	44.4%	
April	44.6%	
May	42.7%	
June	40.5%	
IDJJ Average	45.9%	49.5%
	•	

Nationally, the rates of incarcerated youth on psychotropic medication tend to range between 20 and 40%. Additionally, greater numbers of incarcerated females utilize psychotropic medications than males and have higher rates of diagnosis for mental disorders.

Table 4: FY 2019 Rate of Self-Harm Attempts by Severity per 100 Youth

Table 4: F1 2019 Rate of Sen-Harm Attempts by Severity per 100 1 outil											
	Mid	ali Harri Arteripis	Sende Selfi Sende Selfi	Jack Total Atender	of theats						
Ju	<i>ly</i> 1.97	0.28	0.00	2.25							
Augu	st 0.93	0.93	0.00	1.86							
Septembe	er 1.90	0.95	0.00	2.85							
Octobe	er 1.34	0.00	0.00	1.34							
Novembe	er 1.72	0.00	0.00	1.72							
Decembe	er 0.36	0.36	0.00	0.72							
Januar	ry 0.37	0.00	0.00	0.37							
IDJJ Average	1.23	0.36	0.00	2.00							

Self-harm rates are measured by the total number of incidents and do not reflect the number of youth who have attempted self-harm. A mild attempt is when a youth verbalizes, threatens, or gestures self-injurious behavior. A moderately severe attempt is when a youth attempts self-harm and appears to be motivated by suicidal intent and as such inflicts superficial harm to self that may require minor medical attention. A serious attempt is when a youth self-harms and as such inflicts harm to self that requires medical attention or whose attempt is believed to be potentially lethal and is scheduled for medical observation.

Table 5: FY 2019 Distribution of DSM-5 Diagnoses of Youth in Facilities

	Youth with No Diagnosis	Youth with One Diagnosis	Youth with Two Diagnoses	Youth with Three Diagnoses	Youth with Four or More Diagnoses
July	4.80%	10.73%	24.86%	33.62%	25.99%
August	7.84%	11.60%	22.88%	30.41%	27.27%
September	3.33%	10.00%	24.00%	32.30%	30.30%
October	4.66%	7.14%	22.36%	26.71%	30.12%
November	4.53%	9.76%	26.48%	27.53%	31.71%
December	4.59%	10.25%	26.50%	25.09%	33.57%
January	5.37%	11.41%	27.18%	27.52%	28.53%
IDJJ Average	5.02%	10.13%	24.89%	29.03%	29.64%

The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th Edition, is a commonly used tool in the psychology field to provide standard criteria and descriptions of mental disorders. It contains a variety of mental disorders including depression and bipolar disorder and also includes diagnoses of conduct disorder and substance abuse disorders. Nearly all youth in IDJJ facilities have a minimum of one diagnosis according to DSM-5 definitions. Nationally, research estimates that between 40 and 60% of incarcerated juveniles have a diagnosable mental disorder. These estimates tend to exclude substance abuse and conduct disorders.

Table 6: FY 2019 Number of Substance Abuse Treatment Participants

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	30	25	22	18	17	8	11
IYC Harrisburg	43	37	36	33	38	34	33
IYC Pere Marquette	47	48	46	36	39	36	36
IYC St. Charles	31	22	21	18	19	22	21
IYC Warrenville	20	17	16	12	17	13	6
IDJJ Total	171	149	141	117	130	113	107

Table 7: FY 2019 Primary Substance Abused by Youth in Treatment

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	Average
Marijuana	75.4%	77.9%	80.1%	76.9%	82.3%	79.6%	80.4%	78.9%
Alcohol	9.9%	10.1%	7.1%	8.5%	5.4%	6.2%	4.7%	7.4%
Other Drugs	13.5%	12.1%	11.3%	12.8%	10.8%	10.6%	14.0%	12.2%
No Diagnosis	1.2%	0.0%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.8%	0.9%	1.1%

Each of the IDJJ facilities have an in-house substance abuse treatment program. Treatment at the facilities utilize education and group therapy to help decrease future substance use. The number of treatment participants is the total number of youth enrolled in a substance abuse program during the month of interest. Due to treatment failure, drop out, and rolling acceptance into the programs, the number of youth reported in a program tends to be greater than the actual number of youth enrolled at one time. Primary substance abused is the primary drug of choice for a youth in treatment. Many youth enrolled in treatment are polysubstance users and are treated accordingly.

Table 8: FY 2019 Students Enrolled in School

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	51	53	36	52	48	43	48
IYC Harrisburg	96	84	77	82	73	75	67
IYC Pere Marquette	23	23	26	23	21	21	29
IYC St. Charles	77	72	61	53	71	62	59
IYC Warrenville	30	31	26	28	28	22	21
IDJJ Total	277	263	226	238	241	223	224

Table 9: FY 2019 Teachers Employed

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	10	11	12	12	12	12	10
IYC Harrisburg	17	16	16	16	19	18	18
IYC Pere Marquette	9	9	9	9	9	8	7
IYC St. Charles	11	10	11	10	11	11	10
IYC Warrenville	7	6	6	7	7	7	7
IDJJ Total	54	52	54	54	58	56	52

Table 10: FY 2019 Percent of Special Education Students

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	37.3%	35.8%	50.0%	38.5%	50.0%	62.8%	37.5%
IYC Harrisburg	39.6%	27.4%	36.4%	42.7%	43.8%	37.3%	35.8%
IYC Pere Marquette	52.2%	56.5%	57.7%	60.9%	57.1%	57.1%	41.4%
IYC St. Charles	55.8%	56.9%	59.0%	64.2%	59.2%	64.5%	52.5%
IYC Warrenville	46.7%	45.2%	50.0%	46.4%	53.6%	54.6%	52.4%
IDJJ Average	45.5%	41.8%	48.7%	48.7%	51.9%	53.4%	42.9%

Table 11: FY 2019 Overall Diplomas Awarded

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019	Totals
IYC Chicago	0	1	3	0	1	1	2	8
IYC Harrisburg	4	4	8	5	5	2	7	35
IYC Pere Marquette	6	5	4	3	1	0	4	23
IYC St. Charles	2	1	4	6	3	3	3	22
IYC Warrenville	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	5
IDJJ Total	13	13	19	14	12	6	16	93

School District 428 offers three types of diplomas for students: 8th grade, high school, and general equivalency. The District offers blended learning, utilizing both online and in-person instruction. An estimated 10% of youth admitted to the Department receive some sort of diploma during their stay. Nationally, it is estimated that about 40% of youth held in juvenile facilities have a need for special education services. School district data is collected on the final day of the month.

Table 12: FY 2019 Rate of Reportable Incidents per 100 Youth

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
Youth on Youth Assaults	10.7	9.9	9.5	11.7	10.7	11.8	11.0
Youth Fights	17.5	14.0	13.6	14.4	17.2	18.9	17.6
Youth on Staff Assaults	9.9	10.5	8.5	6.0	7.2	10.0	15.0
Overall Reportable Incidents	38.0	34.4	31.6	32.0	35.1	40.7	43.6

Reportable incidents measure incidents of disruption in a correctional facility. The numbers provided are rates per 100 youth in IDJJ custody. Youth on youth assaults are when one or more youth strikes another youth or youths. Youth fights are when two or more youth mutually engage in a fight. Youth on staff assaults are when one or more youth commit physical violence against one or more staff members.

Table 13: FY 2019 Uses of Chemical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	3	2
IYC Harrisburg	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	23	10	5	4	2	4	4
IYC Warrenville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IDJJ Total	28	11	5	4	2	8	6

Uses of chemical restraints are instances of the use of pepper spray as a use of force. The table provides a total number of uses at each facility per month. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional and have an opportunity to shower.

Table 14: FY 2019 Uses of Mechanical Restraints

	07/2018	08/2018	09/2018	10/2018	11/2018	12/2018	01/2019
IYC Chicago	10	6	6	5	4	10	16
IYC Harrisburg	10	18	23	21	14	15	13
IYC Pere Marquette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IYC St. Charles	58	32	28	29	19	31	26
IYC Warrenville	12	4	5	2	3	13	6
IDJJ Total	90	60	62	57	40	69	61

Uses of mechanical restraints are the temporary application of handcuffs as a use of force. The numbers provided are the total number of uses at each facility per month. If there is an incident where two youth are placed in mechanical restraints at the same time, that is counted as two uses. After any use, youth are checked by a medical professional.

Table 15: Uses of Confinement for January 2019

			Average
	Number	Rate of	Length
	of Uses	Usage	of Hold
Behavioral Holds	131	0.5	154

Effective January 2019, IDJJ began utilizing new policies and procedures regarding the use of confinement and removal of youth from regular programming and housing. These policies and procedures redefine "confinement" broadly and created subtypes based on the reason for its use. The Department also developed new ways of measuring the use of confinement. To aid public understanding of confinement use, data is being presented on the number of uses of behavioral holds, the rate of use per 100 youth in facility, and the average length of a confinement hold in minutes. The numbers represent uses of confinement and not youths confined. A behavioral hold is when a status assigned to a youth who is confined to their own room or designated area because he or she is engaging in dangerous behavior that poses a serious and immediate threat to his or her own safety, the safety of others, or the security of the youth center.

Table 16: Youth on Aftercare

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January
Total Number of Youth Assigned to Aftercare	856	873	875	869	859	853	818
Number of Youth in Community	408	411	423	408	416	445	410
Number of Youth in Facilities	311	291	274	272	263	238	251
Number of Youth Suspended or with Warrants	137	171	178	189	180	170	157

Table 17: Caseloads in Aftercare (Per Specialist)

	July	August	September	October	November	December	January
Average Number of Youth on Caseload	17.5	17.1	17	16.6	16.6	15.9	15.7
Average Number of Youth in Community	10	10	10.3	10	10.1	10.3	9.8
Average Number of Youth in Facilities	7.5	7.1	6.7	6.6	6.5	5.5	6

There are three groups of youth served by Aftercare. Youth in facilities are currently held in an IDJJ facility, but preparing for their transition to the community. Youth in the community are currently supervised through Aftercare after release from a facility. Youth suspended or with warrants are in violation of the terms of their supervised release and are supervised in the community or being held in a facility pending a legal hearing or have a warrant issued for their arrest. The average number of youth on caseload provides the average number of all types of youth that one Aftercare Specialist will supervise.

Table 18: Aftercare Specialist Contact per Youth by Office in January 2019

Aftercare Regional Office	Overall Contacts	Contacts per Youth	Community Contacts	Contacts per Youth in Community
Chicago	166	2	160	2.7
Chicago Heights	68	1.7	64	2.1
Aurora	110	2.6	101	2.9
Rockford	144	3.5	141	3.8
Peoria	220	1.6	209	1.8
East St. Louis	118	2.1	107	2.5
Champaign	120	2.2	103	2.6
Springfield	139	2.5	129	2.7
Placement	521	2.8	181	4.6
IDJJ Total	1606	2.3	1195	2.7

Contacts between Aftercare and a youth start to occur prior to their release from an IDJJ facility. Contacts, both overall and in the community, are face-to-face meetings that occur between Aftercare Specialists and youth, their host site, placement staff, and engaged friends and family members. Contacts per youth provides an average number of contacts an Aftercare specialists will have for each youth on their caseload. Contacts per youth in community only examines contacts regarding youth that are actively monitored in the community. Per Departmental policy, Aftercare Specialists are meant to have one to four meetings per month with each youth, depending on their level of supervision.